



北京大学
PEKING UNIVERSITY

archR包的功能简介与示例

LEB G09

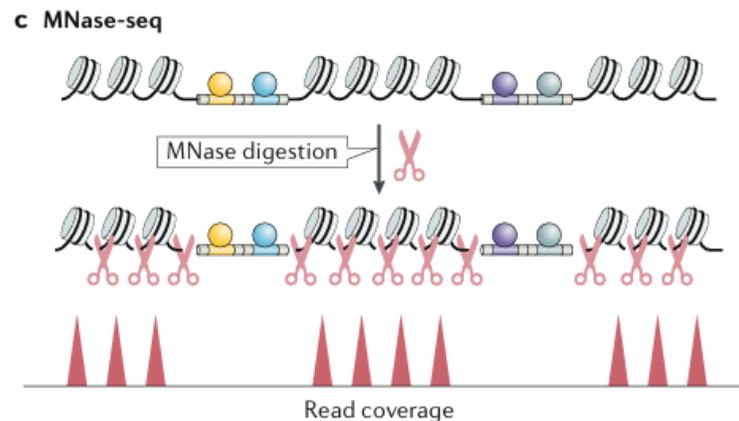
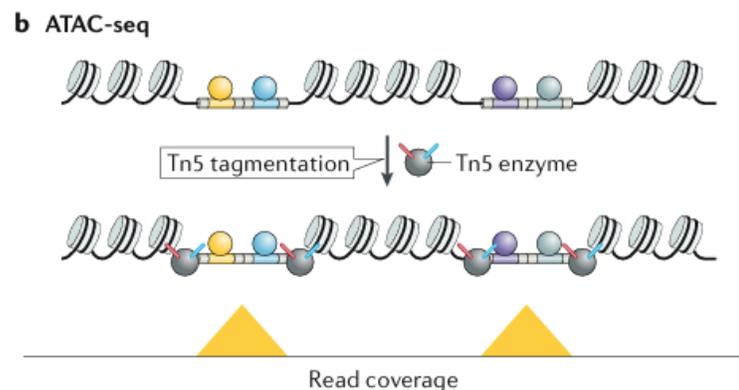
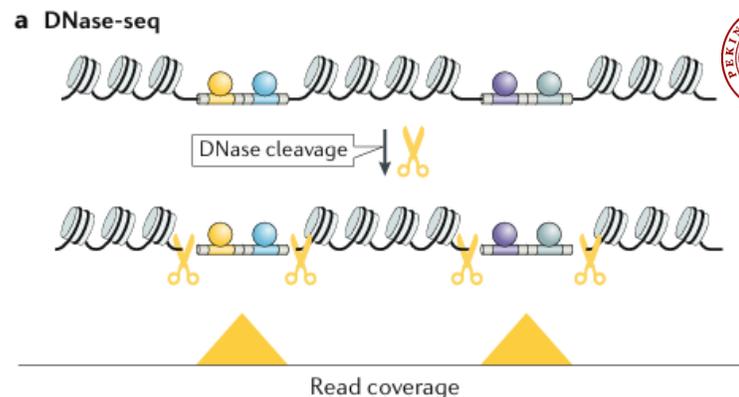
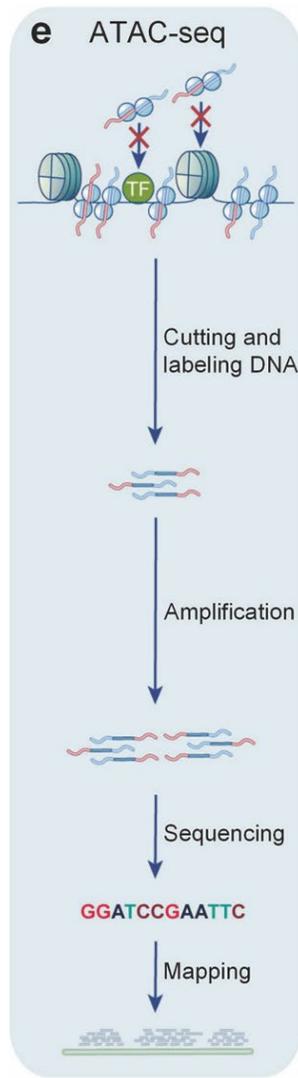
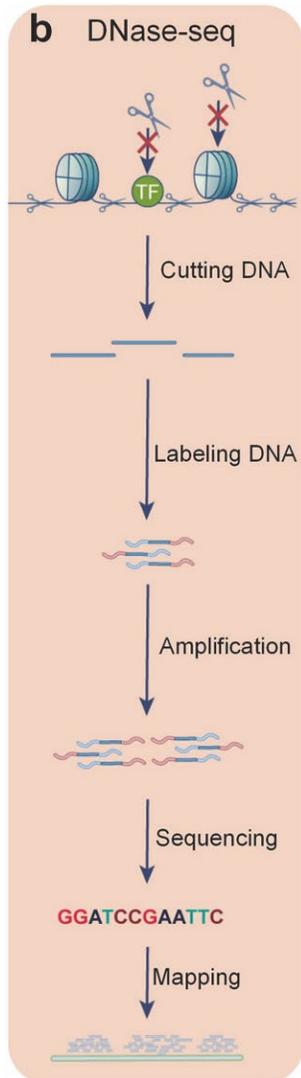
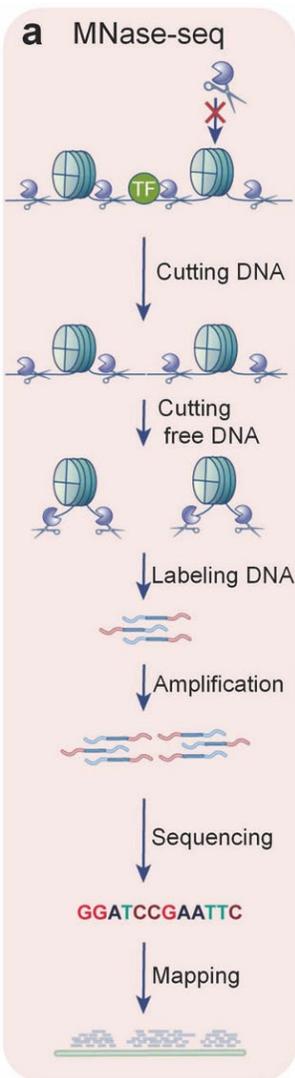
小组成员：刘晓涵 周逸飏 胡婧苑 魏欣怡

2025/6/11



未名湖

染色质可及性检测方法

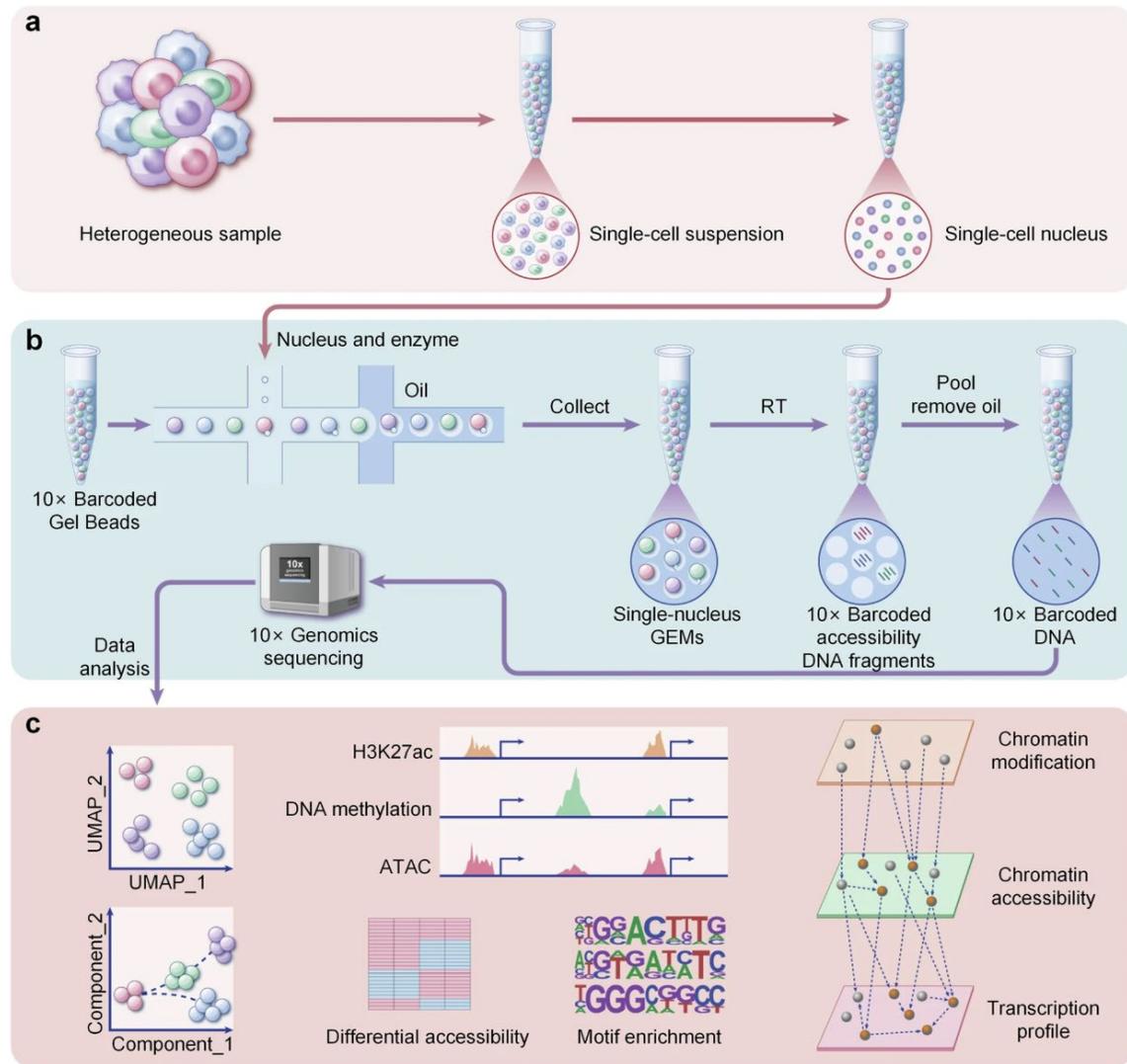
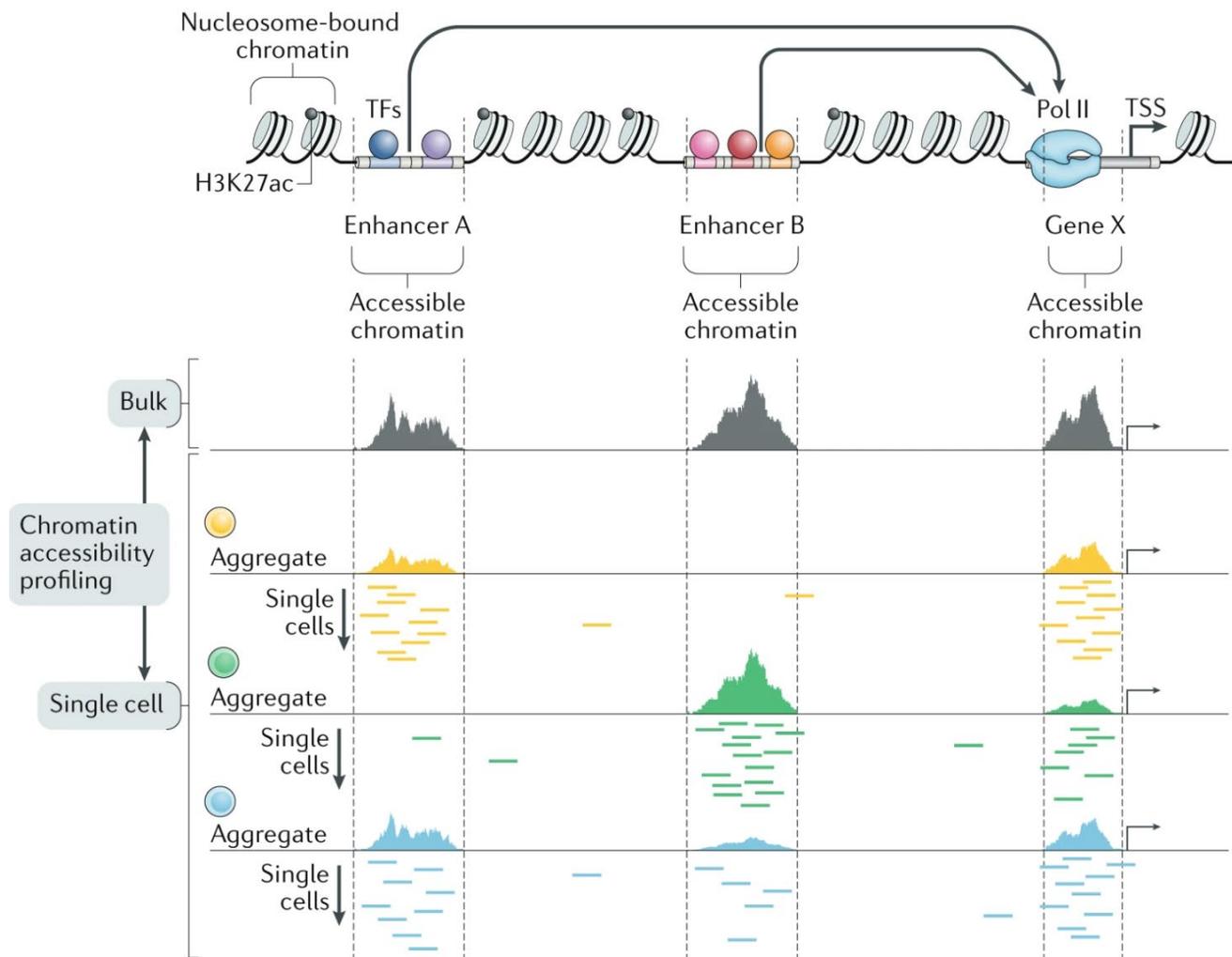


ATAC-seq

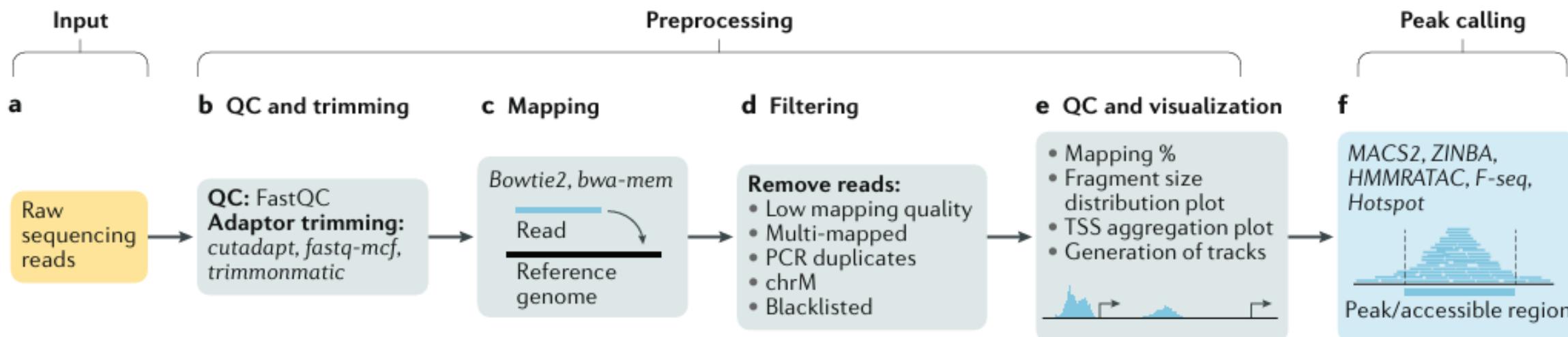
- ✓ 流程短
- ✓ 消耗细胞少
- ✓ 样品破坏小
- ✓ 灵敏且直接

→最常用方法

单细胞分析



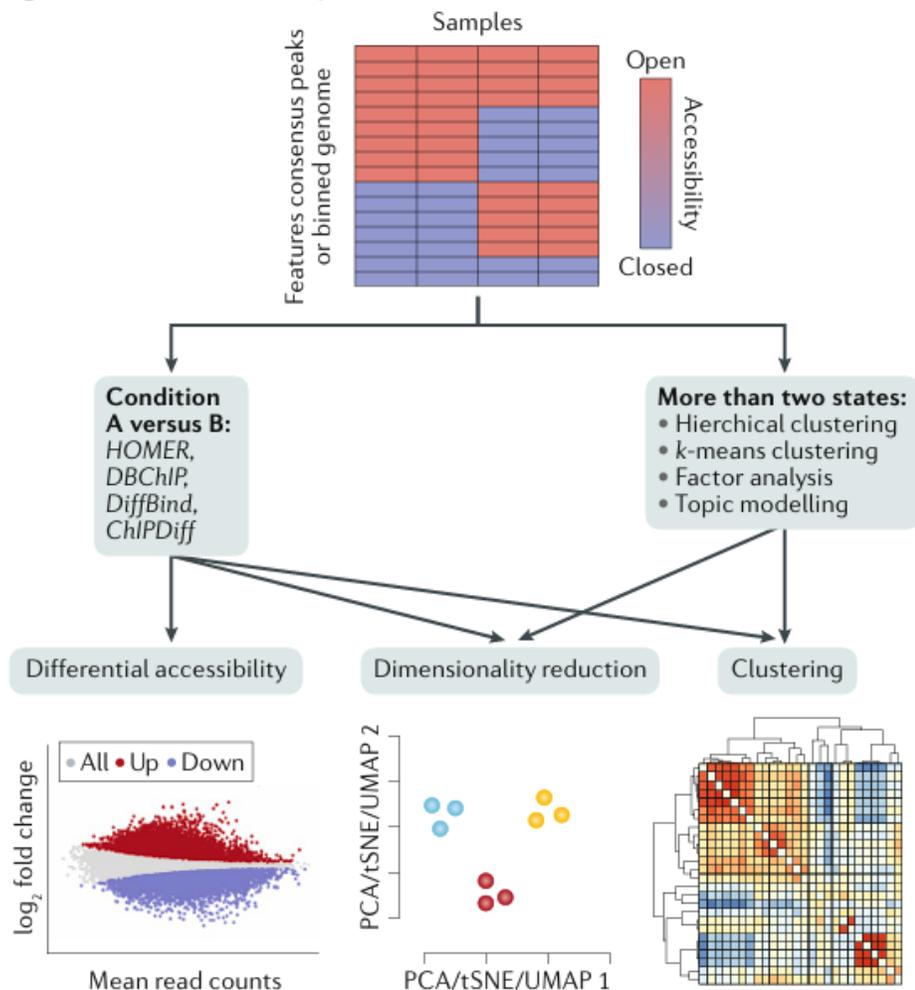
数据处理



下游分析

Downstream analysis

g Differential accessibility

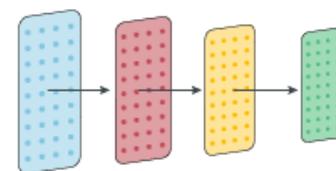


j Motif enrichment analysis

Predefined
HOMER, MEME, cisTarget

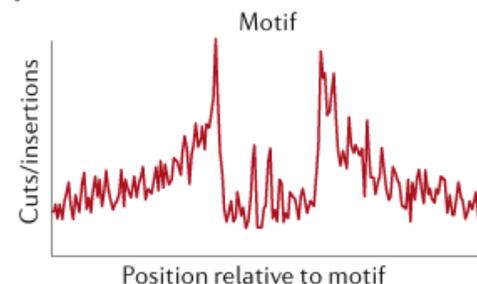


De novo
MEME, HOMER deep learning

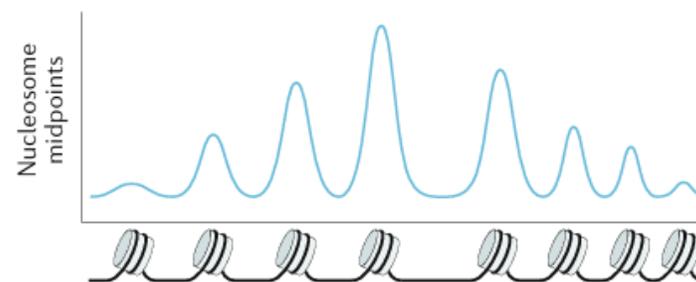


k Footprinting analysis

Wellington, CENTIPEDE, DBFP, DNase2TF, HINT(-ATAC), DeFCoM



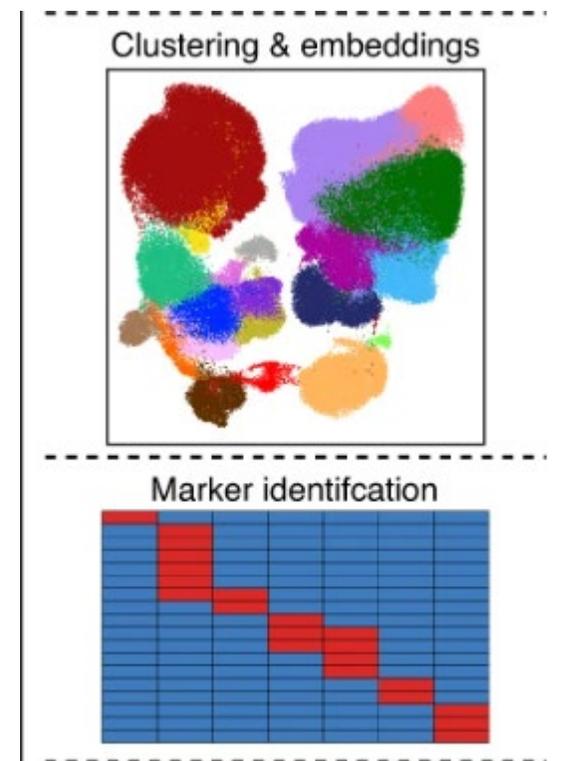
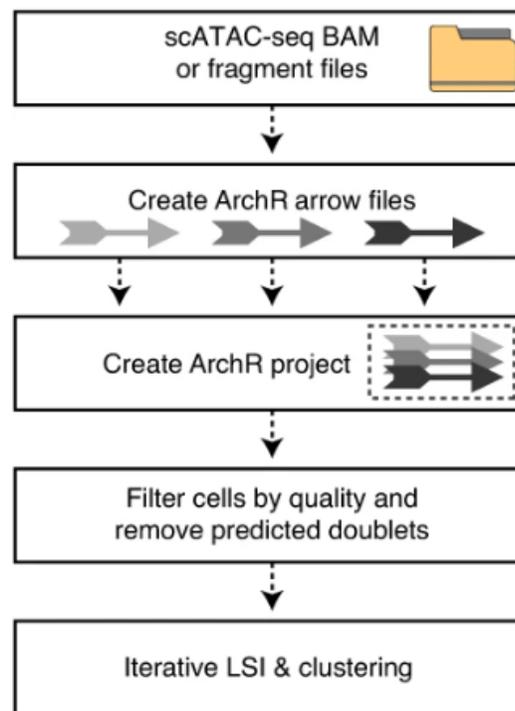
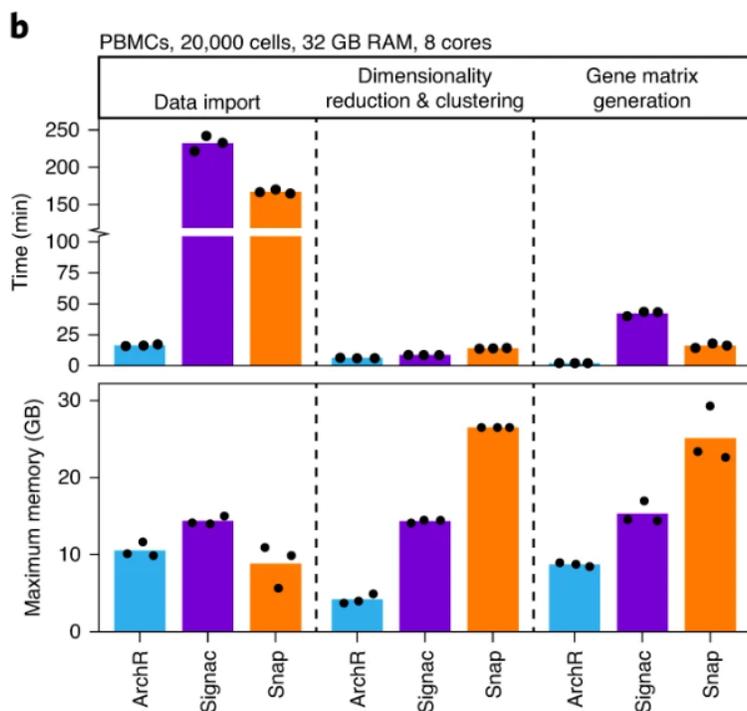
l Nucleosome positioning



archR包简介



- ◆ 用来处理与分析scATAC-seq数据的程序
- ◆ 由 Howard Y. Chang 与 William J. Greenleaf 研发
- ◆ 功能齐全，使用广泛在速度与效率上表现出色



输入文件类型

- BAM 文件

二进制化的 tabix 排序文件,

包含每个 scATAC-seq 片段、原始序列、细胞条形码 ID 和其他信息

- Fragment 文件

tabix 排序的文本文件,

包含每个 scATAC-seq 片段和相应的单元 ID, 每行一个片段

使用的输入格式取决于使用的具体程序

环境配置与安装

- Linux (不支持windows)

首先, 如果尚未安装 devtools (用于安装 GitHub 包):

```
if (!requireNamespace("devtools", quietly = TRUE)) install.packages("devtools")
```

然后, 安装 BiocManager (用于安装 bioconductor 包) (如果尚未安装):

```
if (!requireNamespace("BiocManager", quietly = TRUE)) install.packages("BiocManager")
```

然后, 安装 ArchR:

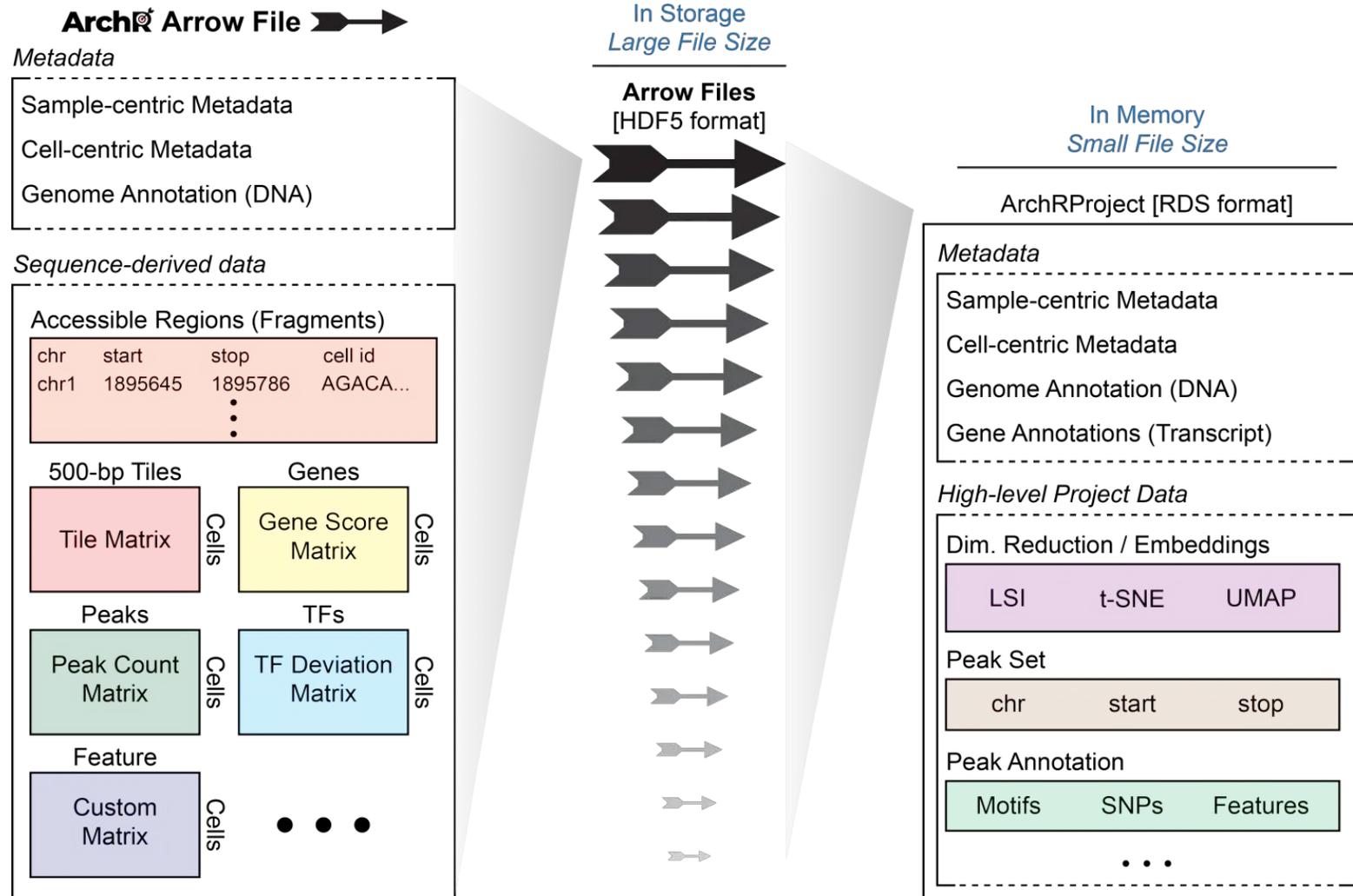
```
devtools::install_github("GreenleafLab/ArchR", ref="master", repos = BiocManager::repositories())
```

最后, 安装默认情况下未安装的所有 ArchR 依赖项:

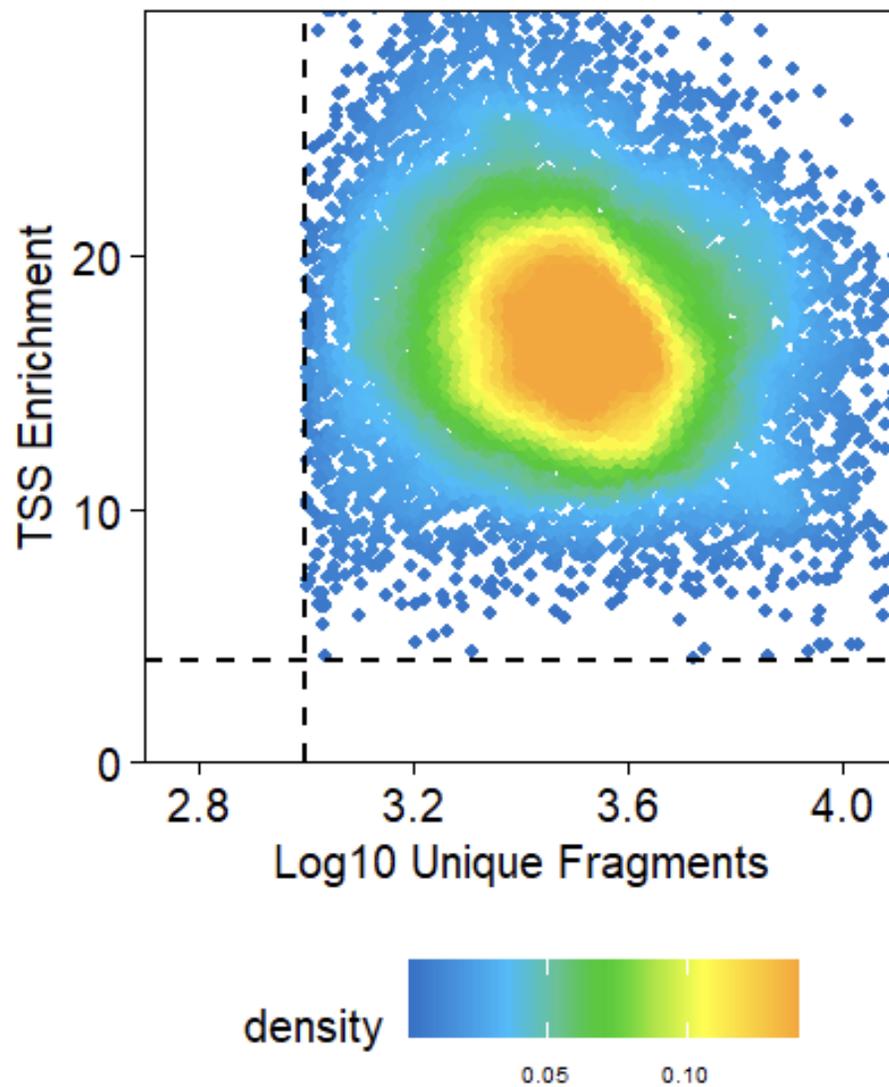
```
library(ArchR)  
ArchR::installExtraPackages()
```

- Windows可用: 本地下载

Arrow file / ArchRProject

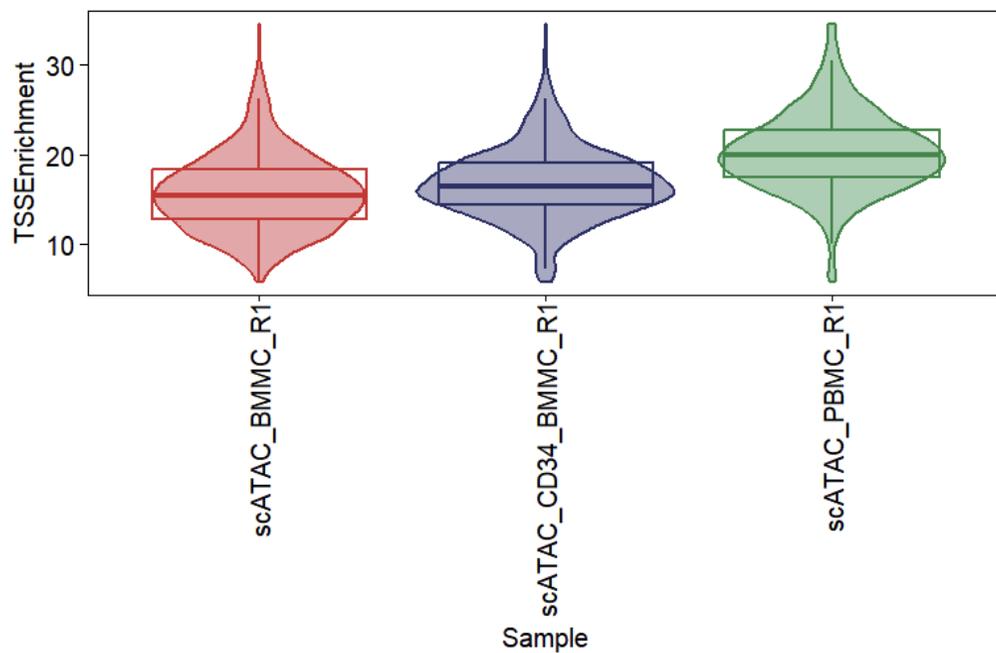


绘制QC指标

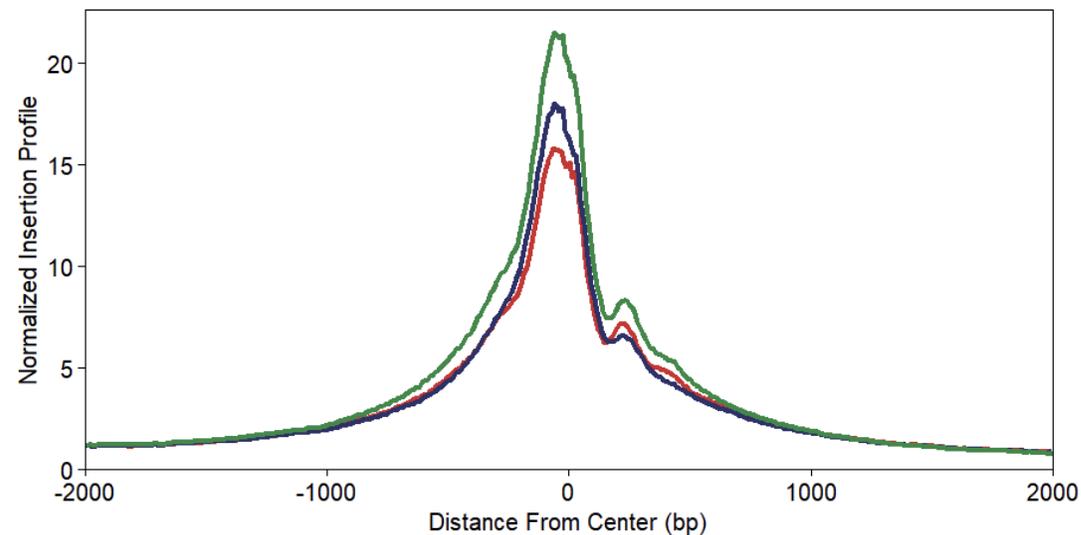
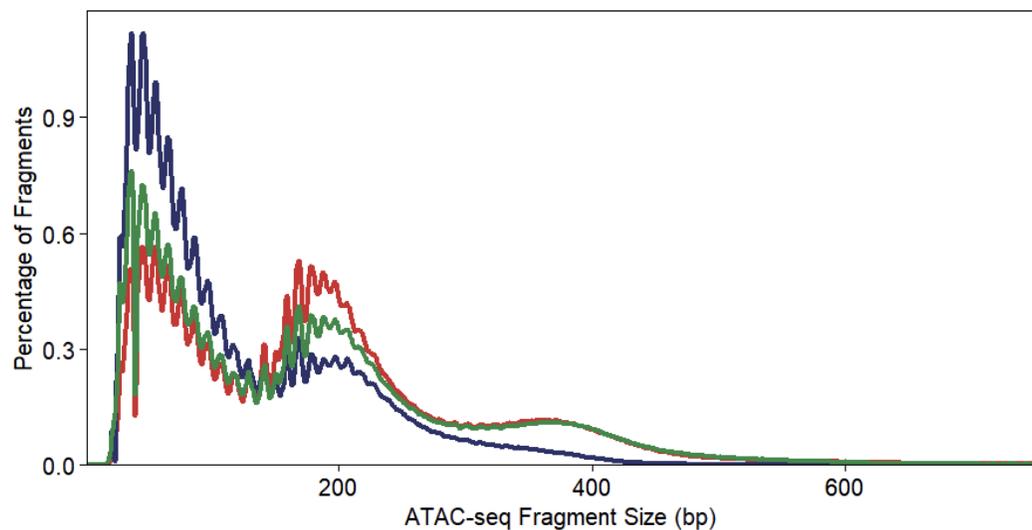


绘制样本统计量

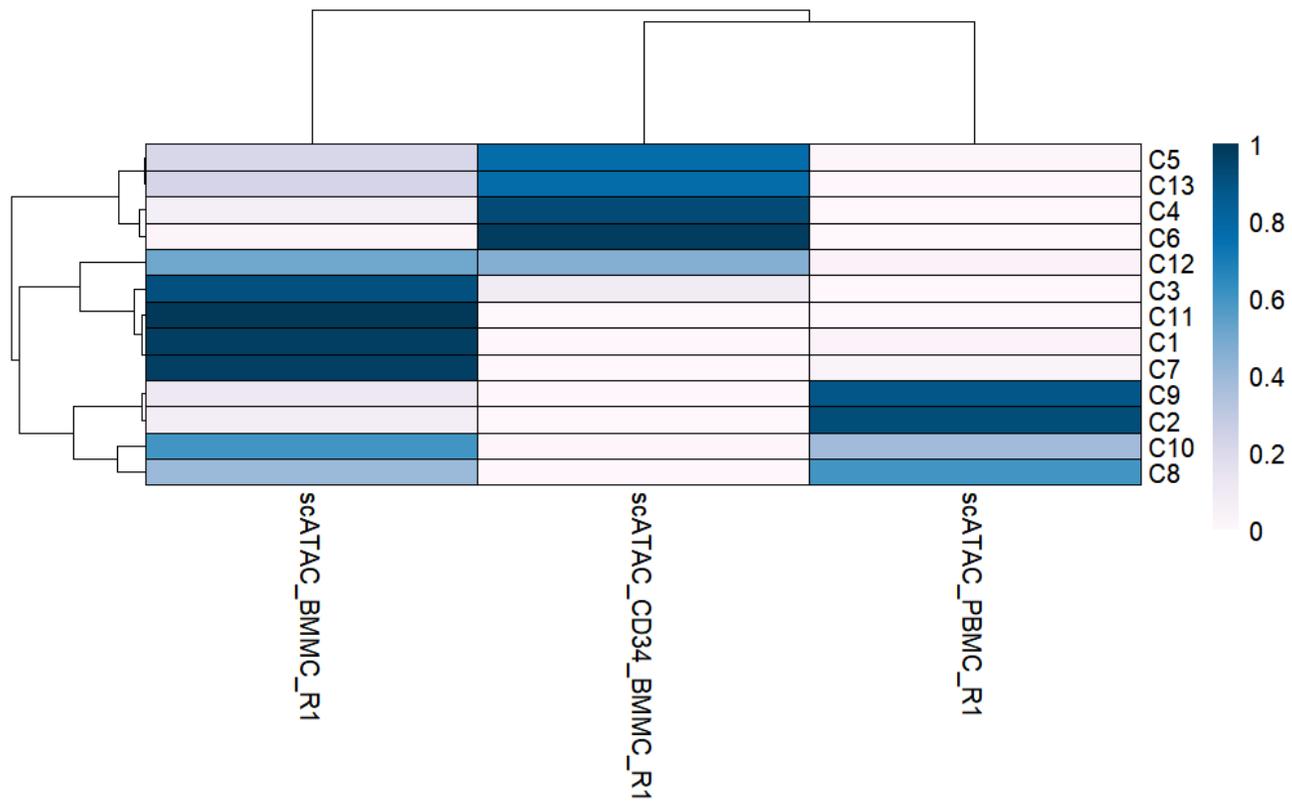
- 小提琴图



绘制样品片段大小分布和 TSS 富集曲线



聚类

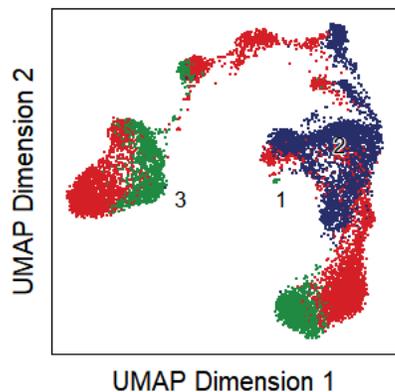


单细胞嵌入

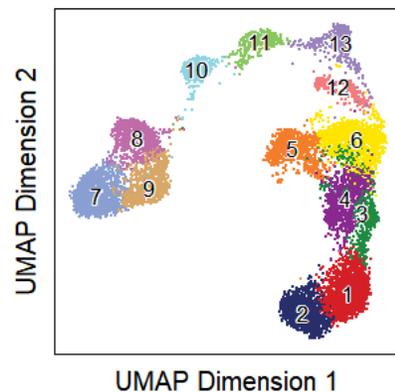
- 运行UMAP
- 绘制UMAP结果 (按不同方式着色)

- 高亮显示特定细胞

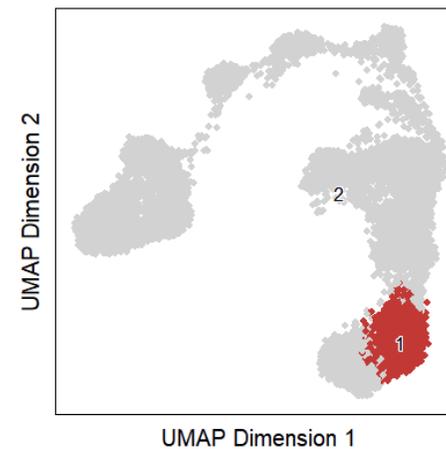
UMAP of IterativeLSI colored by colData : Sample



UMAP of IterativeLSI colored by colData : Clusters



UMAP of IterativeLSI colored by colData : Clusters

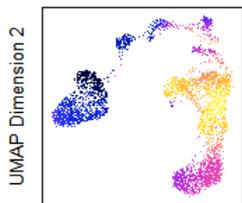


color  1-C1  2-Non.Highlighted

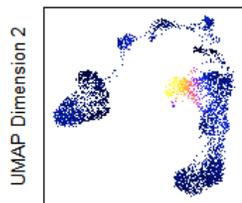
基因评分与标记基因

- 可视化标记基因

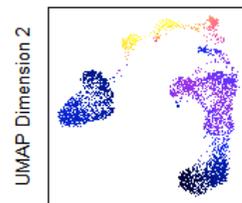
UMAP of IterativeLSI colored by
GeneScoreMatrix : CD34



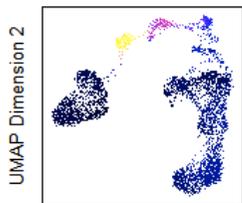
UMAP of IterativeLSI colored by
GeneScoreMatrix : GATA1



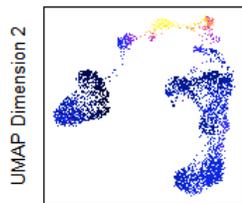
UMAP of IterativeLSI colored by
GeneScoreMatrix : PAX5



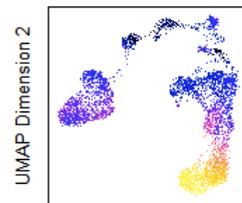
UMAP Dimension 1
UMAP of IterativeLSI colored by
GeneScoreMatrix : MS4A1



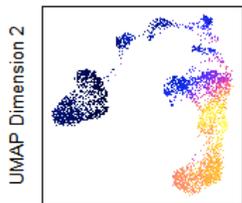
UMAP Dimension 1
UMAP of IterativeLSI colored by
GeneScoreMatrix : MME



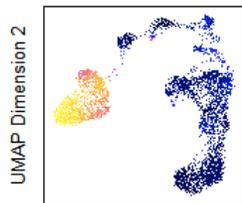
UMAP Dimension 1
UMAP of IterativeLSI colored by
GeneScoreMatrix : CD14



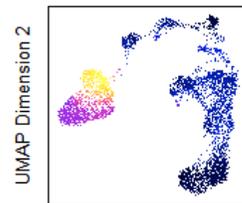
UMAP Dimension 1
UMAP of IterativeLSI colored by
GeneScoreMatrix : MPO



UMAP Dimension 1
UMAP of IterativeLSI colored by
GeneScoreMatrix : CD3D



UMAP Dimension 1
UMAP of IterativeLSI colored by
GeneScoreMatrix : CD8A



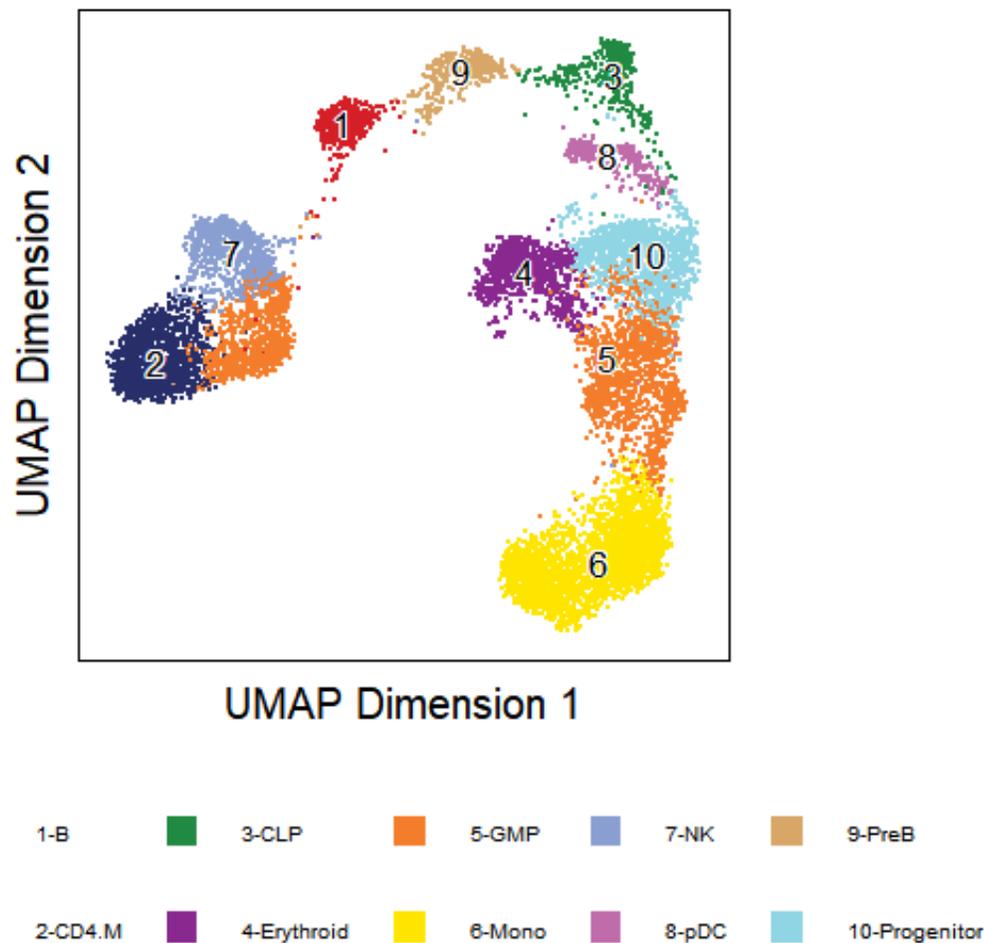
UMAP Dimension 1

UMAP Dimension 1

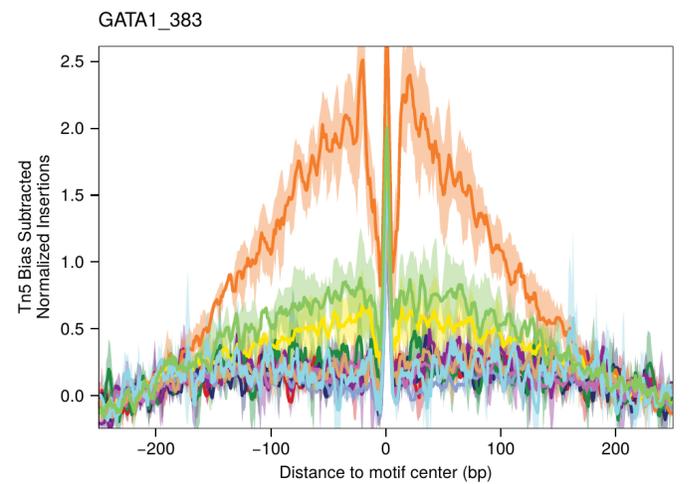
UMAP Dimension 1

定义集群身份

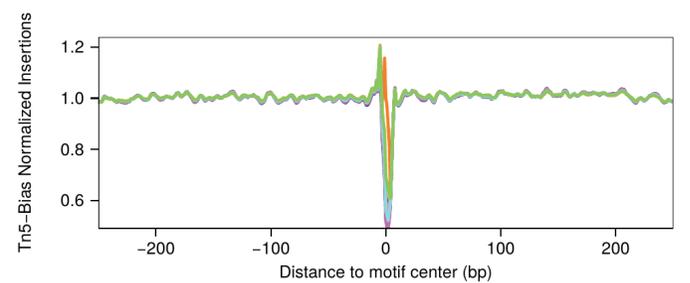
UMAP of IterativeLSI colored by
colData : Clusters2



转录因子足迹



linetype NA



参考资料



1. Buenrostro, J. D. *et al.* Single-cell chromatin accessibility reveals principles of regulatory variation. *Nature* **523**, 486–490 (2015).
2. Chen, Y. *et al.* Chromatin accessibility: biological functions, molecular mechanisms and therapeutic application. *Sig Transduct Target Ther* **9**, 340 (2024).
3. Minnoye, L. *et al.* Chromatin accessibility profiling methods. *Nat Rev Methods Primers* **1**, 10 (2021).
4. Klemm, S. L., Shipony, Z. & Greenleaf, W. J. Chromatin accessibility and the regulatory epigenome. *Nat Rev Genet* **20**, 207–220 (2019).
5. Granja, J. M. *et al.* ArchR is a scalable software package for integrative single-cell chromatin accessibility analysis. *Nat Genet* **53**, 403–411 (2021).
6. Arch R官方网站操作手册 <https://www.archrproject.com/bookdown/index.html>



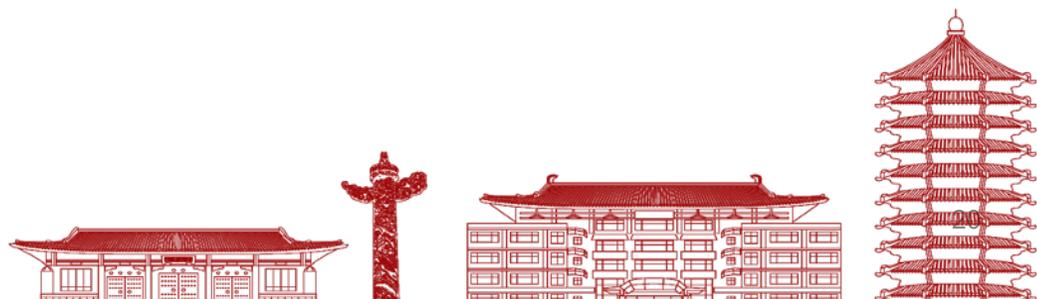
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感谢观看

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朱自清