

Application of TadA in DNA editing

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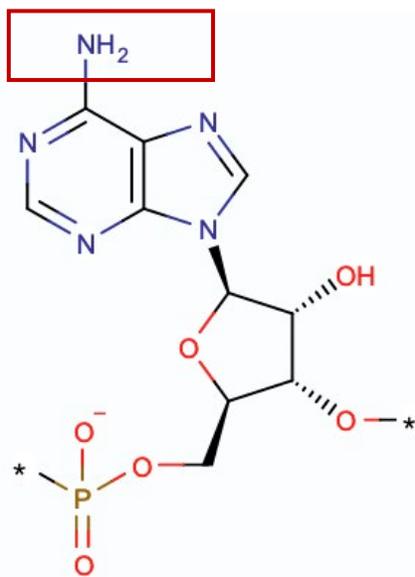
2023年X月X日



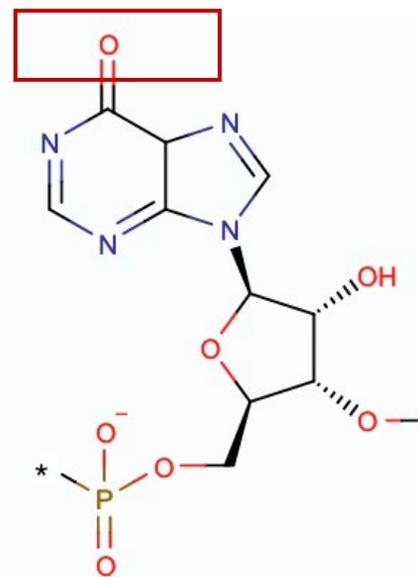
📄 P68398 · TADA_ECOLI

Protein ⁱ	tRNA-specific adenosine deaminase
Gene ⁱ	tadA
Status ⁱ	📄 UniProtKB reviewed (Swiss-Prot)
Organism ⁱ	Escherichia coli (strain K12)

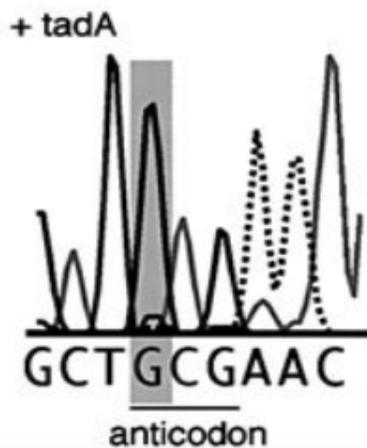
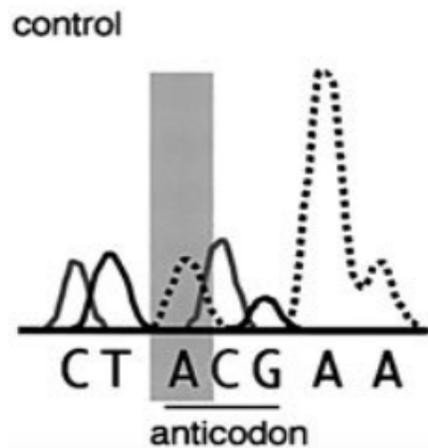
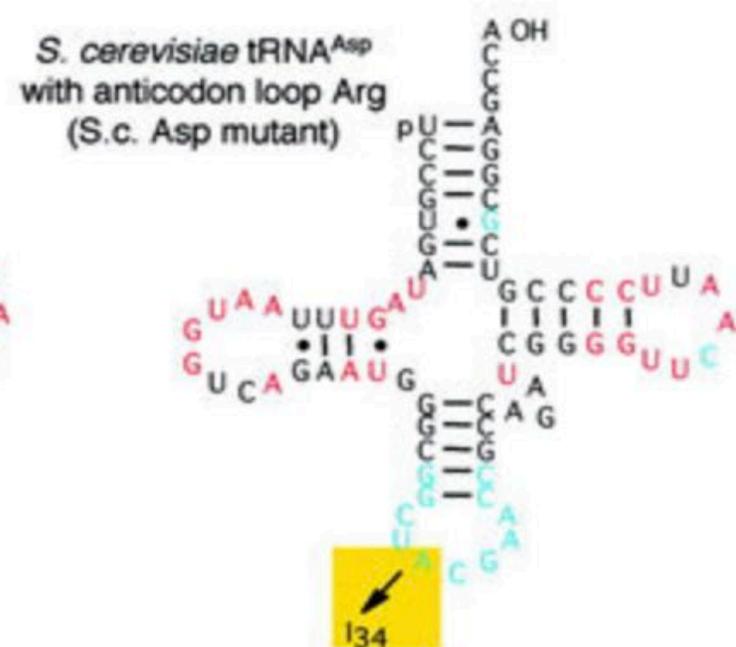
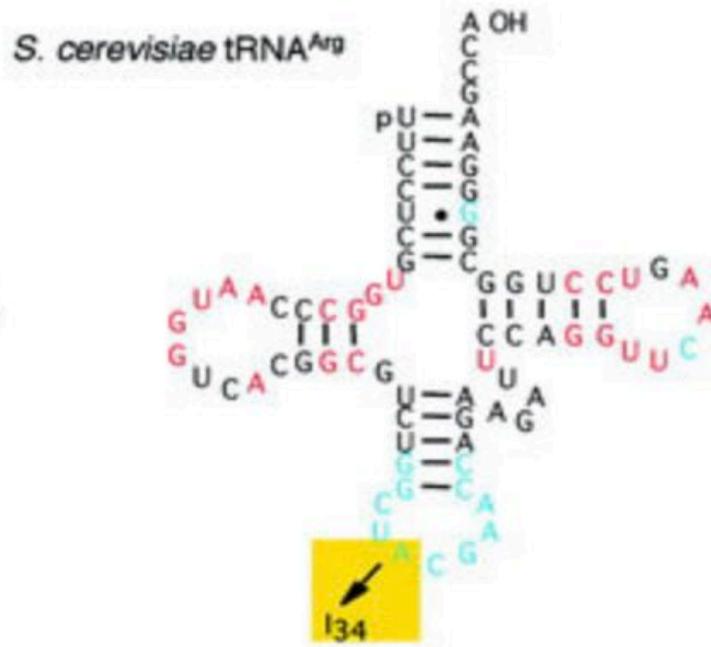
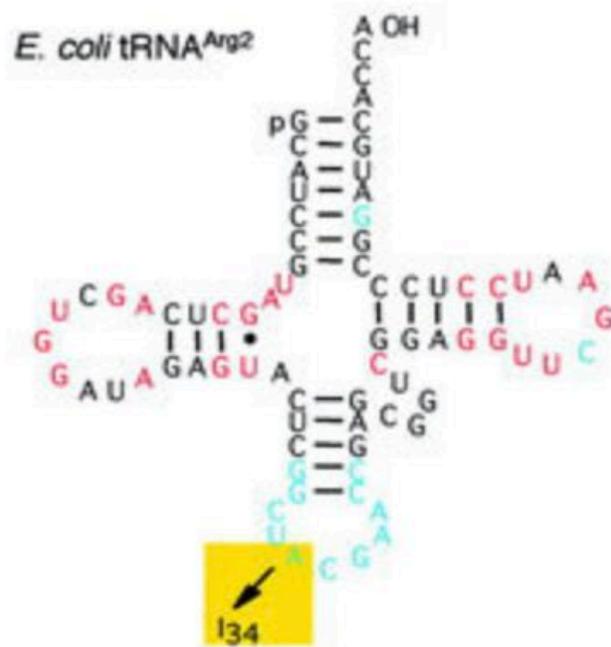
Amino acids	167
Protein existence ⁱ	Evidence at protein level
Annotation score ⁱ	📄 5/5



A to I



TadA——大肠杆菌 tRNA-specific 腺苷脱氨酶

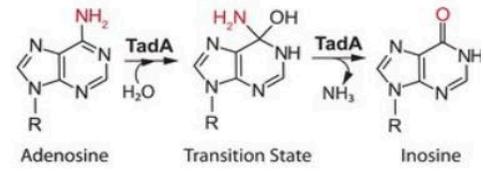


TadA——大肠杆菌 tRNA-specific 腺苷脱氨酶

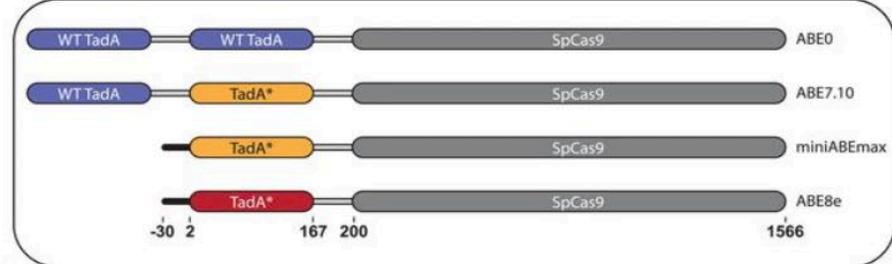
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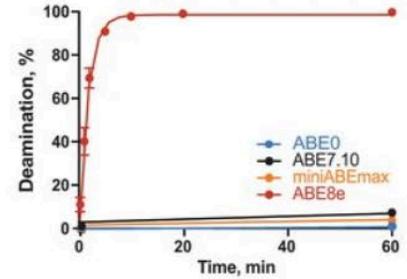
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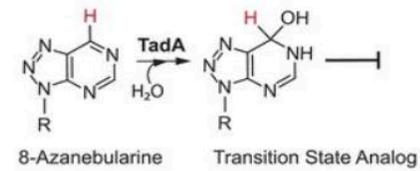
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D

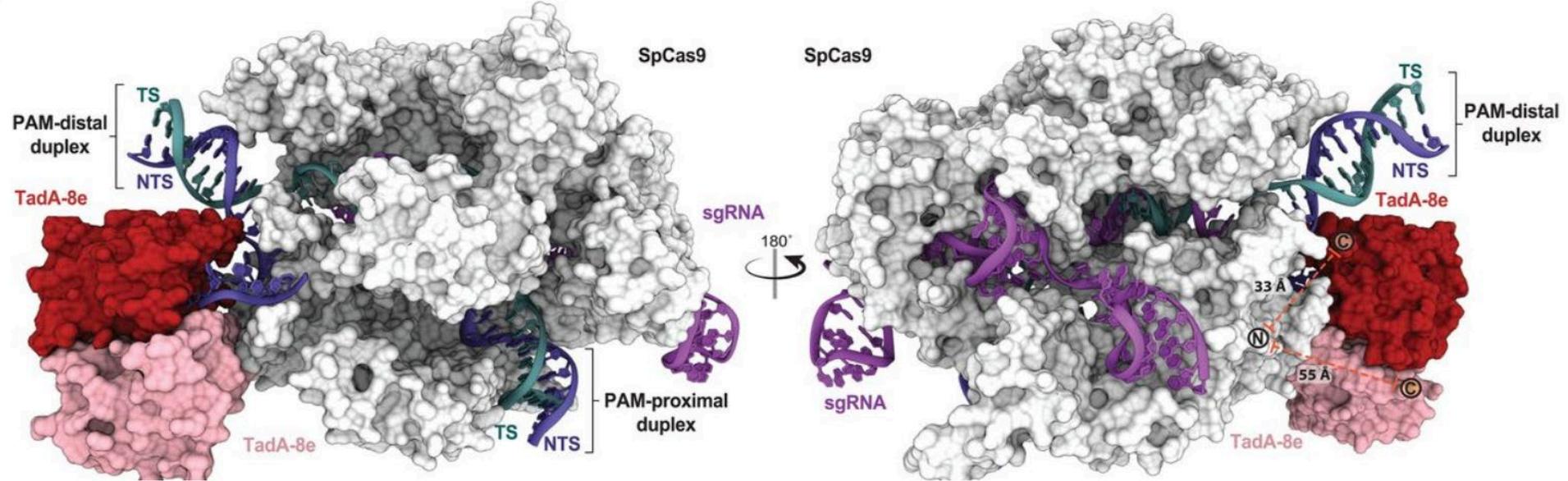


E



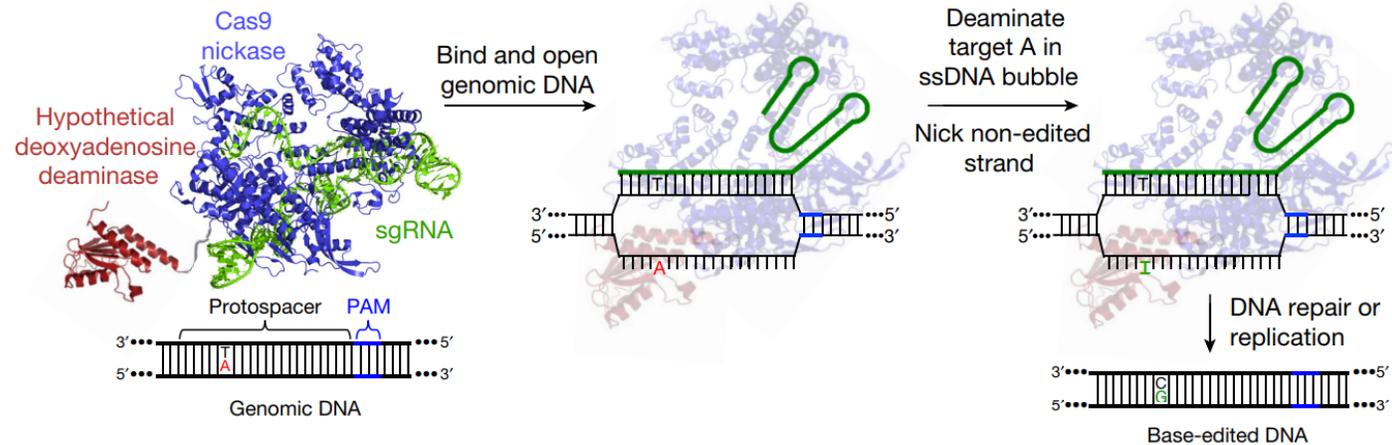
Cryo-EM structure of ABE8e in a substrate-bound state

F



Programmable base editing of TadA in genomic DNA

	<i>E. coli</i> TadA amino acid													TadA state	Linker 1 length	Linker 2 length		
	23	36	48	51	84	106	108	123	142	146	147	152	155	156	157			
ABE0.1	W	H	P	R	L	A	D	H	A	S	D	R	E	I	K	Monomer	16	
ABE1.1	W	H	P	R	L	A	N	H	A	S	D	R	E	I	K	Monomer	16	
ABE1.2	W	H	P	R	L	V	N	H	A	S	D	R	E	I	K	Monomer	16	
ABE2.1	W	H	P	R	L	V	N	H	A	S	Y	R	V	I	K	Monomer	16	
ABE2.9	W	H	P	R	L	V	N	H	A	S	Y	R	V	I	K	Homodimer	32	16
ABE2.10	W	H	P	R	L	V	N	H	A	S	Y	R	V	I	K	Heterodimer	32	16
ABE3.1	W	H	P	R	F	V	N	Y	A	S	Y	R	V	F	K	Homodimer	32	32
ABE4.3	W	H	P	R	F	V	N	Y	N	S	Y	R	V	F	K	Homodimer	32	32
ABE5.1	W	L	P	L	F	V	N	Y	A	C	Y	R	V	F	N	Homodimer	32	32
ABE5.3	W	L	P	L	F	V	N	Y	A	C	Y	R	V	F	N	Heterodimer	32	32
ABE6.3	W	L	S	L	F	V	N	Y	A	C	Y	R	V	F	N	Heterodimer	32	32
ABE6.4	W	L	S	L	F	V	N	Y	N	C	Y	R	V	F	N	Heterodimer	32	32
ABE7.4	R	L	A	L	F	V	N	Y	A	C	Y	R	V	F	N	Heterodimer	32	32
ABE7.9	L	L	A	L	F	V	N	Y	N	C	Y	R	V	F	N	Heterodimer	32	32
ABE7	L	L	A	L	F	V	N	Y	N	C	Y	P	V	F	N	Heterodimer	32	32
ABE7.	L	L	A	L	F	V	N	Y	A	C	Y	P	V	F	N	Heterodimer	32	32



Evolving a transfer RNA adenosine deaminase (TadA) to operate on DNA when fused to a catalytically impaired CRISPR–Cas9 mutant.

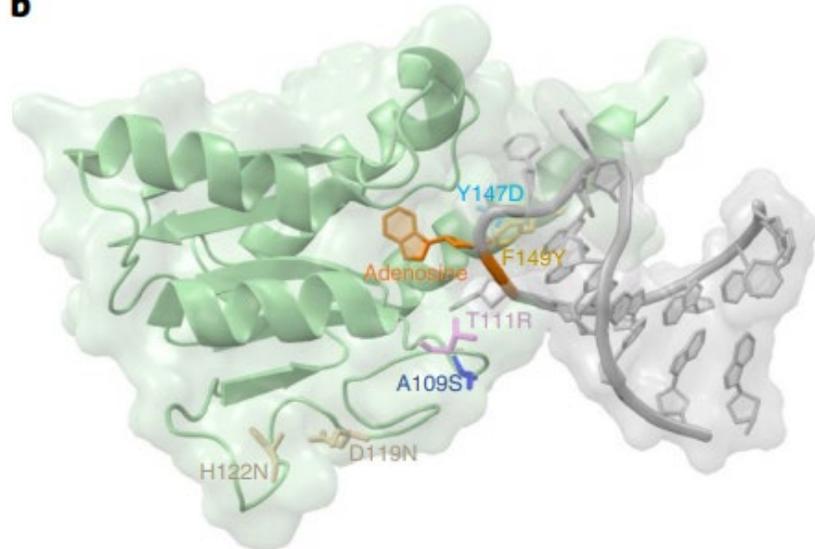
Directed evolution of adenine base editors with increased activity

TadA-8e

a

Clone	TadA amino acid number									
	26	88	109	111	119	122	147	149	166	167
TadA-7.10	R	V	A	T	D	H	Y	F	T	D
PANCE 1				R						
PANCE 2			S/T	R						
TadA-8a	C		S	R	N	N	D	Y	I	N
TadA-8b		A	S	R	N	N		Y	I	N
PACE TadA-8c	C		S	R	N	N		Y	I	N
TadA-8d		A		R	N			Y		
TadA-8e			S	R	N	N	D	Y	I	N

b



TadA-8.20

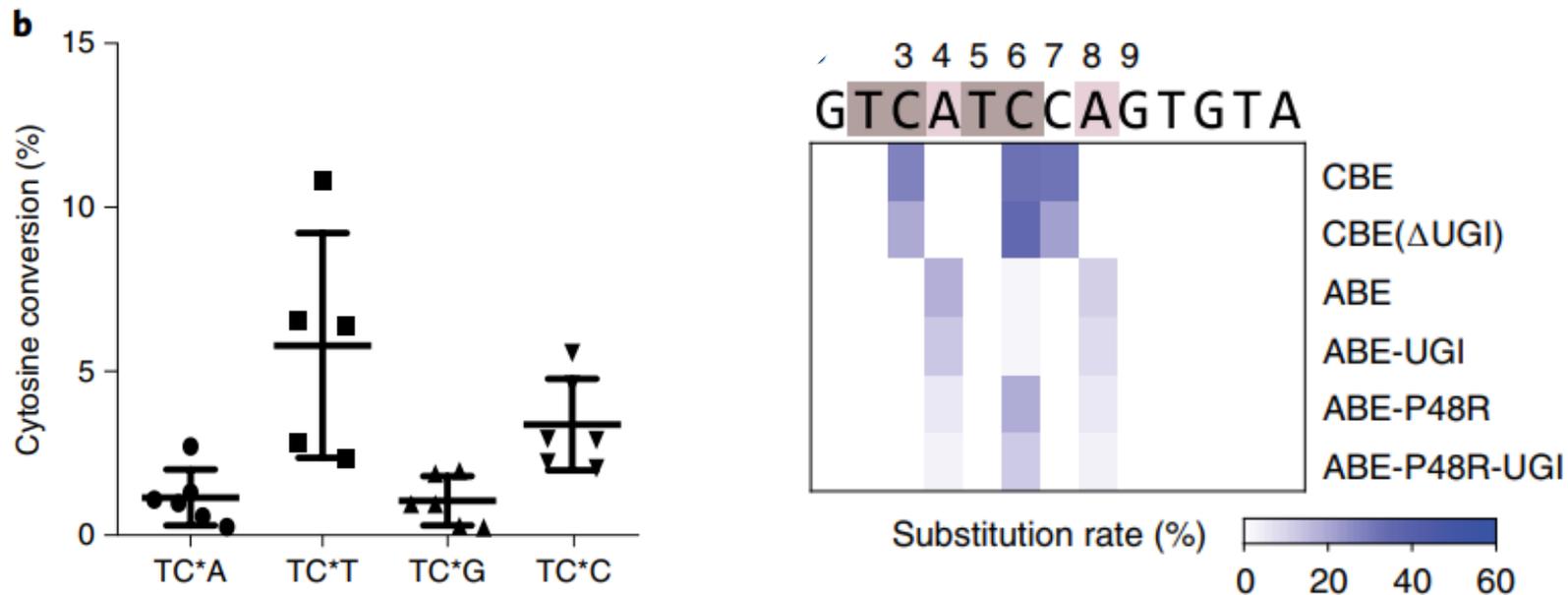
	residue identity in evolved TadA																	
	23	36	48	51	76	82	84	106	108	123	146	147	152	154	155	156	157	166
ABE7.10	R	L	A	L	I	V	F	V	N	Y	C	Y	P	Q	V	F	N	T
ABE8.1-m													T					
ABE8.2-m													R					
ABE8.3-m															S			
ABE8.4-m										H								
ABE8.5-m					S													
ABE8.6-m																		R
ABE8.7-m																		R
ABE8.8-m										H		R		R				
ABE8.9-m					Y							R		R				
ABE8.10-m												R		R				R
ABE8.11-m												T		R				
ABE8.12-m												T		S				
ABE8.13-m					Y					H		R		R				
ABE8.14-m					Y	S												
ABE8.15-m						S						R						
ABE8.16-m						S				H		R						
ABE8.17-m						S												R
ABE8.18-m						S				H				R				
ABE8.19-m						S				H		R		R				
ABE8.20-m					Y	S				H		R		R				
ABE8.1-d														T				
ABE8.2-d														R				
ABE8.3-d																		
ABE8.4-d										H								
ABE8.5-d						S												
ABE8.6-d																		R
ABE8.7-d																		R
ABE8.8-d										H		R		R				
ABE8.9-d					Y							R		R				
ABE8.10-d												R		R				R
ABE8.11-d												T		R				
ABE8.12-d												T		S				
ABE8.13-d					Y					H		R		R				
ABE8.14-d					Y	S												
ABE8.15-d						S						R						
ABE8.16-d						S				H		R						
ABE8.17-d						S												R
ABE8.18-d						S				H				R				
ABE8.19-d						S				H		R		R				
ABE8.20-d					Y	S				H		R		R				

TadA displayed increased cytosine deamination activity

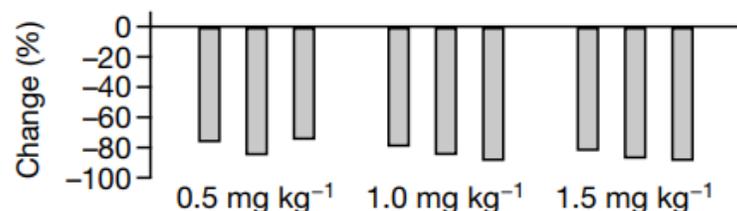
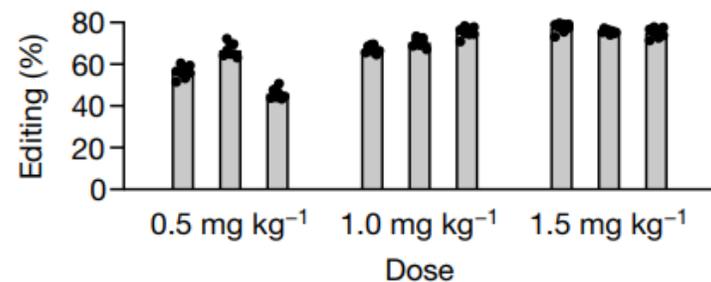
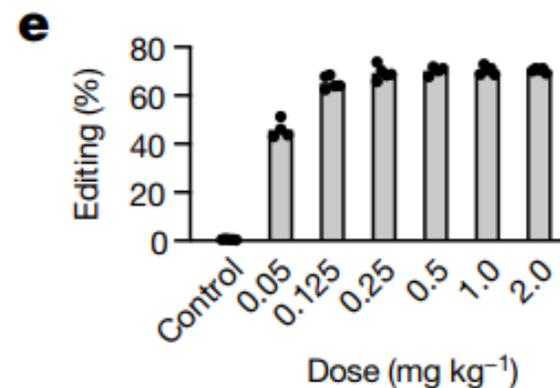
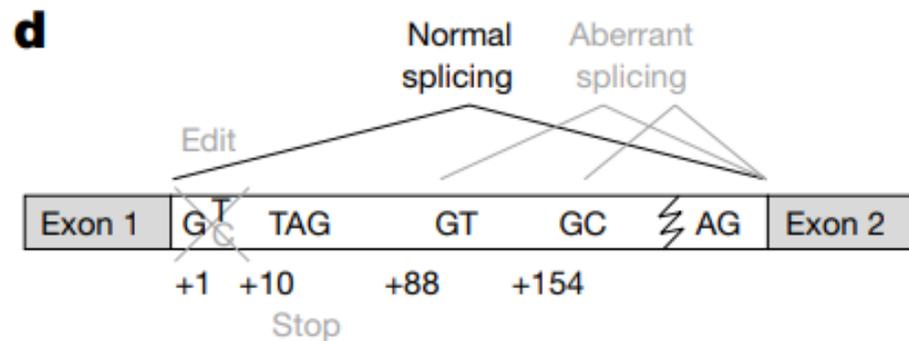
ABE7.10

<i>FANCF</i>	G	G	A	A4	T	C6	C	C	T	T	C	T	G	C	A	G	C	A	C	C	T	G	G
A	0	0	99.3	87.4	0	0.8	0.1	0.1	0.1	0	0	0	0	0.1	100	0.1	0.1	100	0.1	0.1	0.1	0	0.1
T	0	0	0	0	100	1.6	0	0.1	99.9	100	0	100	0	0.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	99.8	0	0
G	99.9	100	0.7	12.6	0	8.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	99.9	0	0	0	0	0.1	99.9	99.9
C	0	0	0	0.1	0	89.1	99.9	99.8	0	0	100	0	0	99.9	0	0	99.9	0	99.9	99.9	0.1	0	0

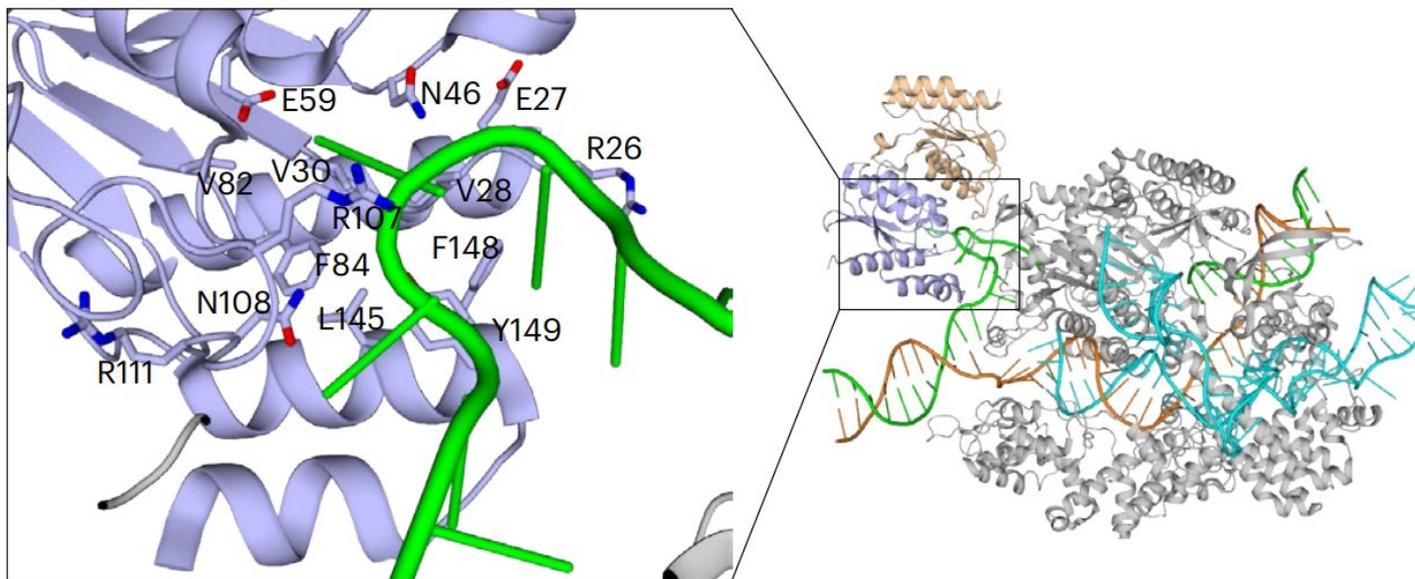
<i>RNF2</i>	G	T	C	A4	T	C6	T	T	A	G	T	C	A	T	T	A	C	C	T	G	A	G	G
A	0.1	0.1	0	56.7	0	0.1	0	0	91.0	0	0	0.1	99.9	0	0	99.9	0.1	0.1	0.1	0	99.9	0	0
T	0	99.9	0.1	0	99.9	1.4	99.9	99.9	0	0	99.9	0.1	0	99.9	99.9	0	0	0	99.8	0	0	0	0
G	99.9	0	0	43.2	0	8.6	0	0	8.9	99.9	0	0	0.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	99.9	0.1	99.9	99.9
C	0	0	99.8	0	0	89.8	0	0	0.1	0	0	99.8	0	0	0	0	99.9	99.8	0.1	0	0	0	0



In vivo base editing lowers cholesterol in primates



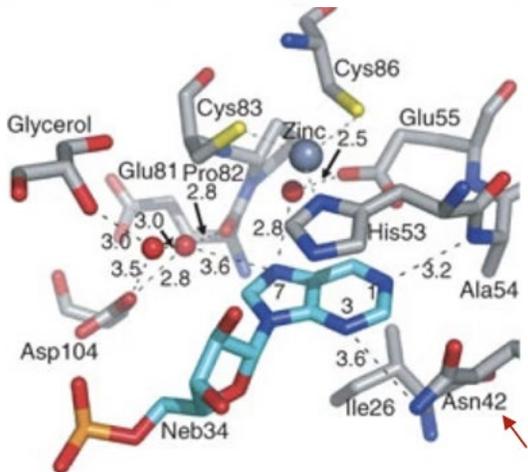
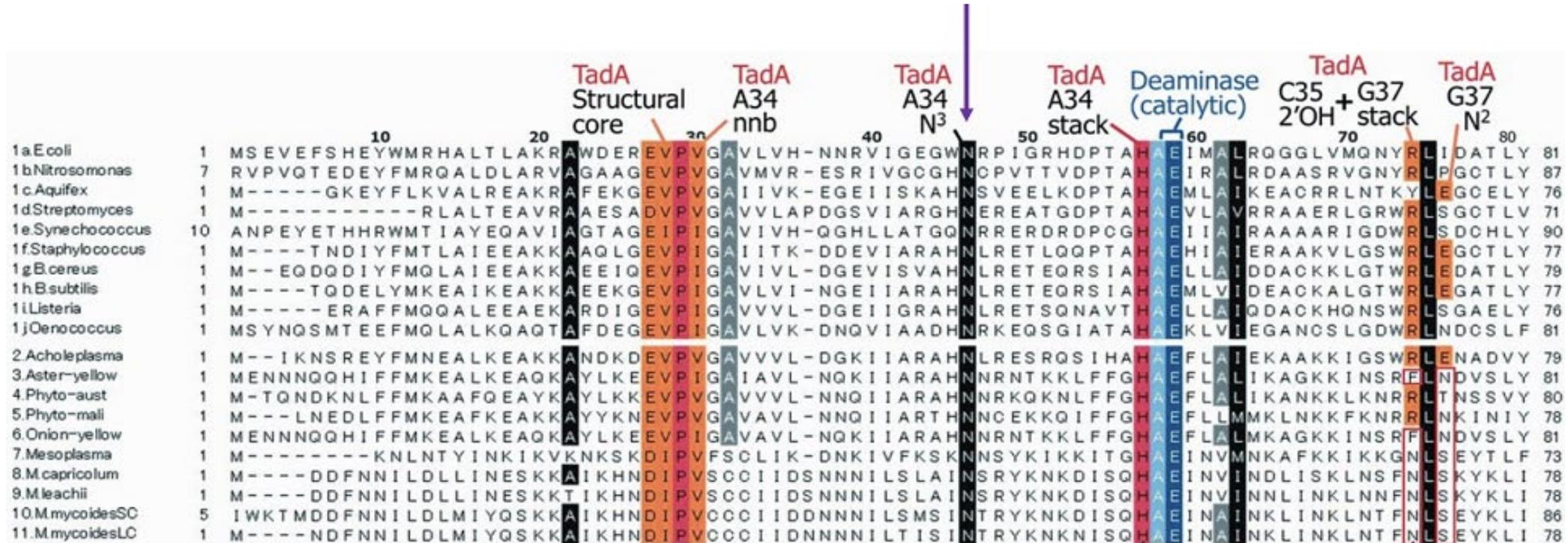
TadA&LNP achieve in vivo editing to prevent diseases



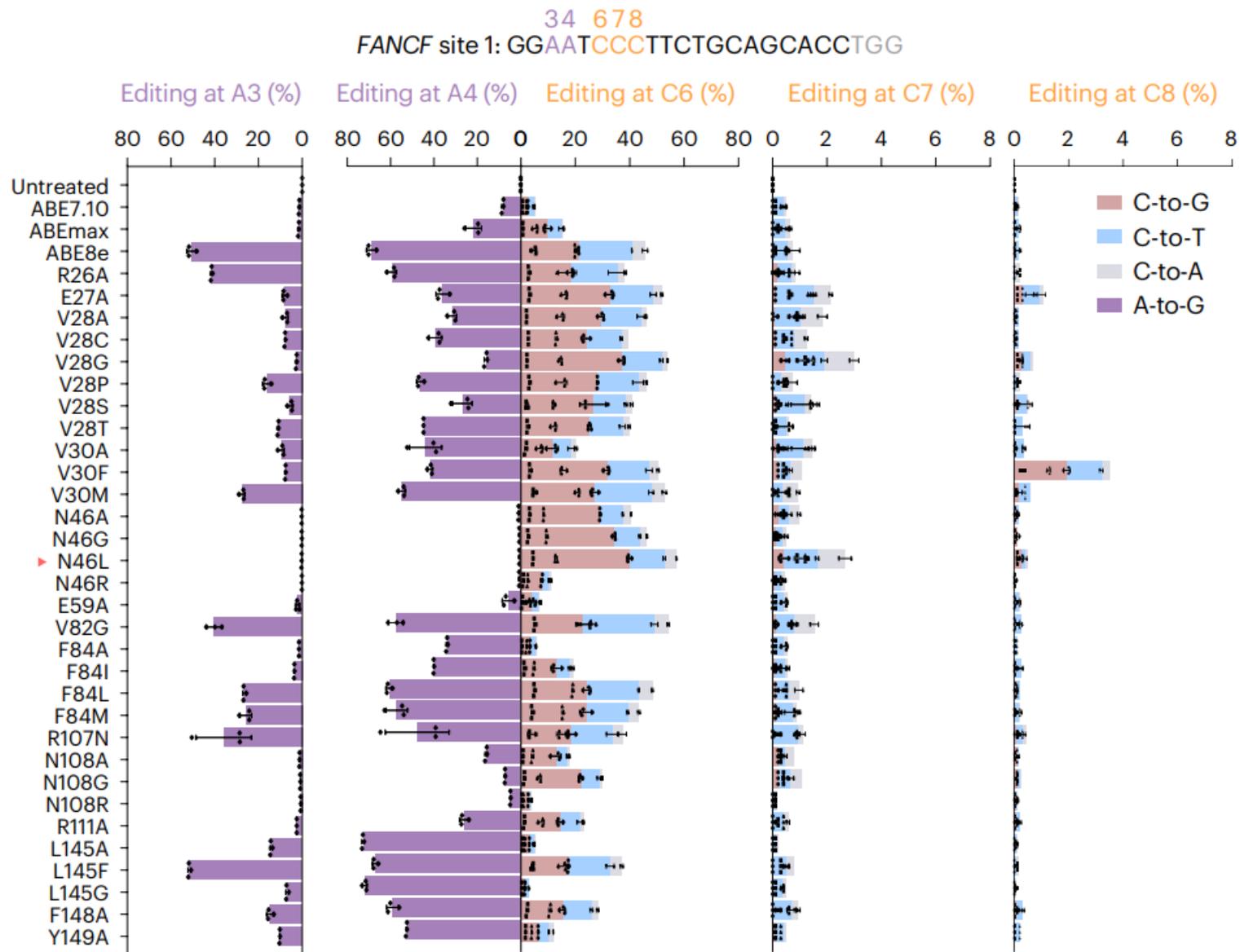
将腺嘌呤脱氨酶TadA进行突变，使其能够用于胞嘧啶转换。



TadA蛋白序列对比分析



- N46在进化中保守
- N46在催化中心，和底物腺嘌呤有氢键相互作用

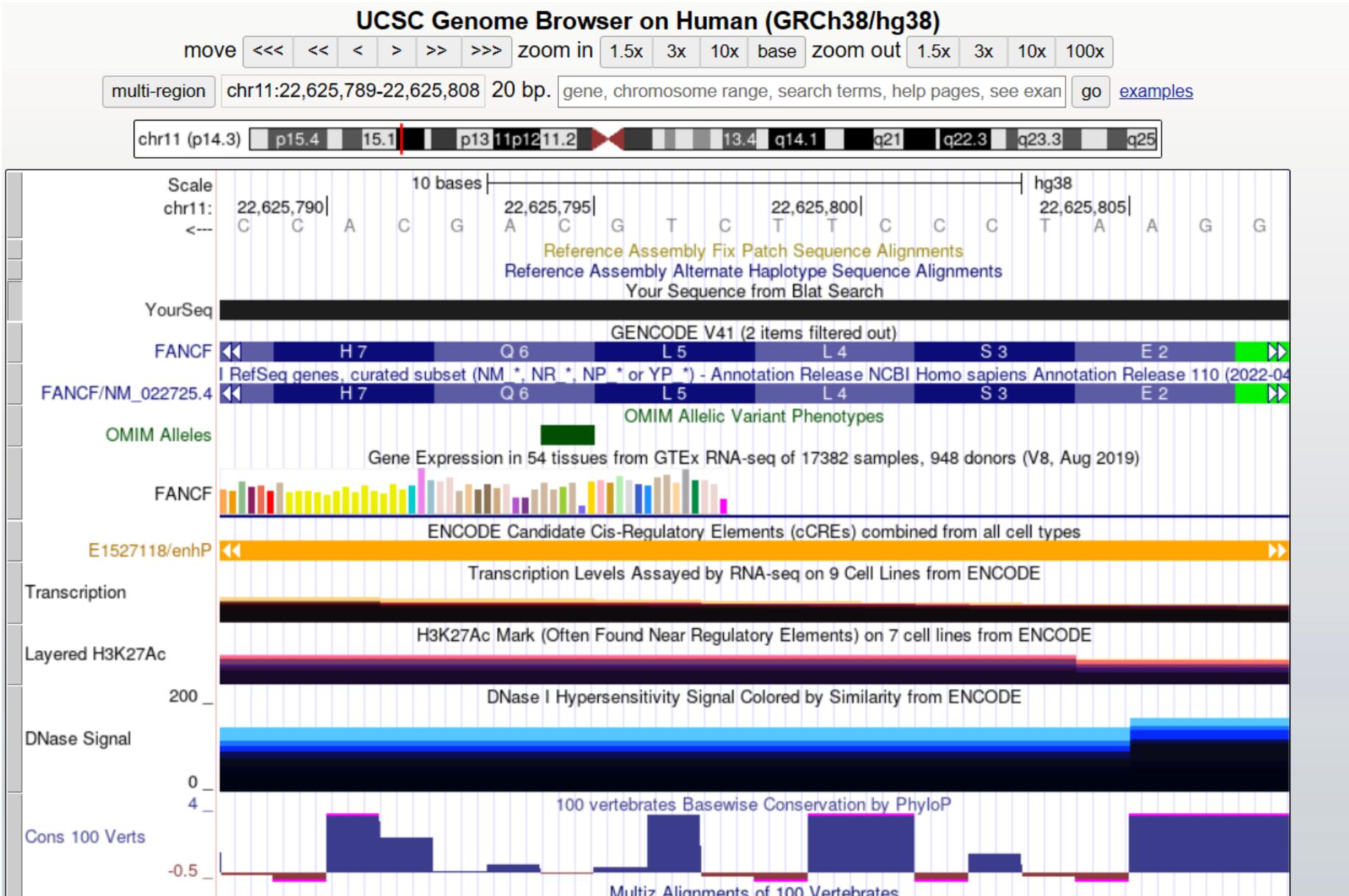


N46L可以消除TadA固有的腺嘌呤脱氨酶活性而展现高效的胞嘧啶编辑活性

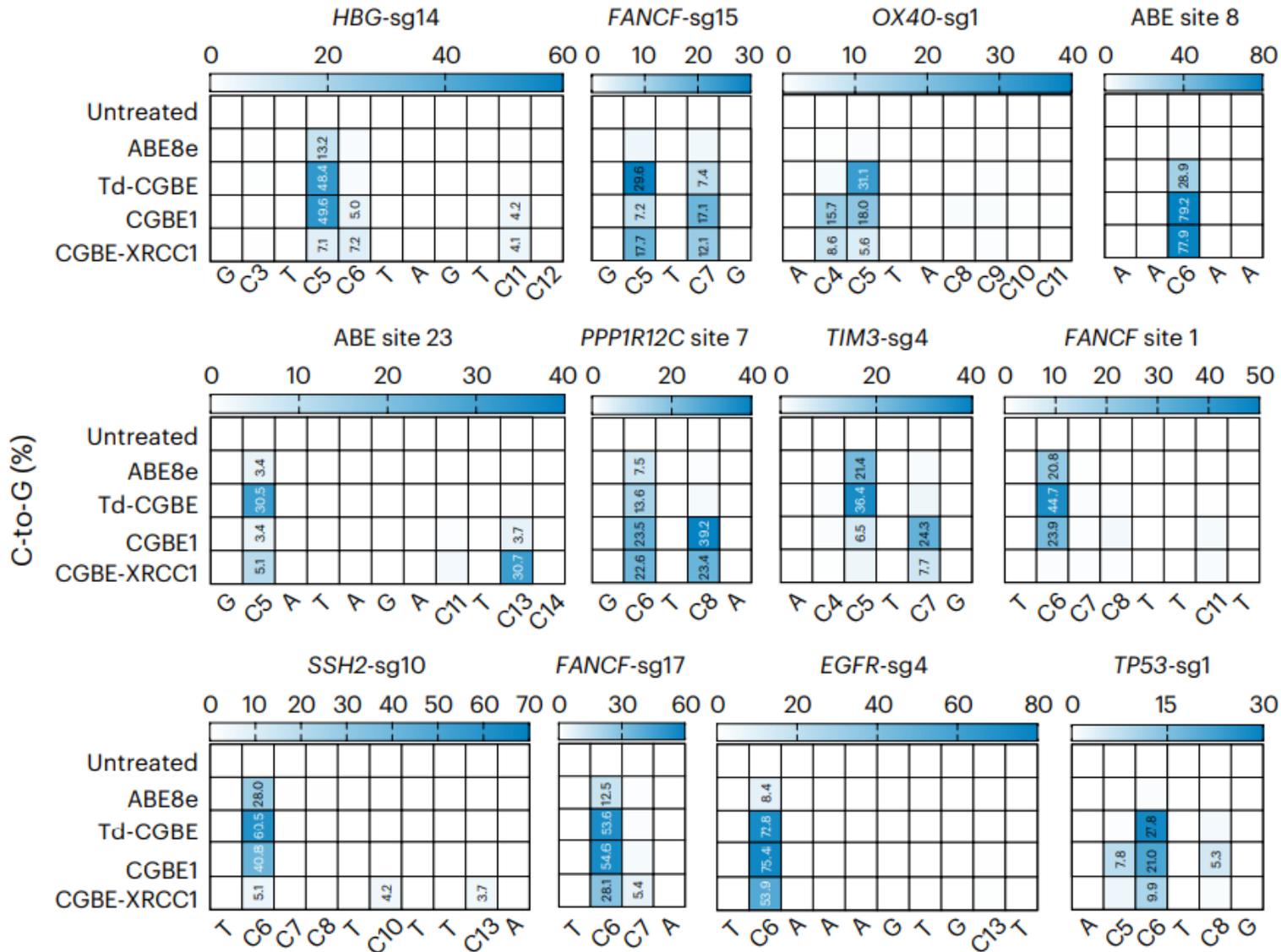
Target protospacer sequence

sgRNA	Target site sequence (5'-3')	PAM	oligo	
<i>FANCF</i> site 1	GGAATCCCTTCTGCAGCACC	TGG	Oligo-up	CACCGGAATCCCTTCTGCAGCACC
			Oligo-dn	AAACGGTGCTGCAGAAGGGATTCC
<i>PCSK9</i> -sg3	CCTCTTCACCTGCTCCTGAG	GGG	Oligo-up	CACCGCCTCTTCACCTGCTCCTGAG
			Oligo-dn	AAACCTCAGGAGCAGGTGAAGAGGC
<i>HBG</i> -sg11	CTTCATCCCTAGCCAGCCGC	CGG	Oligo-up	CACCGCTTCATCCCTAGCCAGCCGC
			Oligo-dn	AAACGCGGCTGGCTAGGGATGAAGC

寻找合适的内源靶点



在靶点测试碱基编辑器活性



**Over 5000 kinds of
monogenic diseases**

Cystic fibrosis 囊性纤维化

Huntington's chorea 亨廷顿舞蹈病

Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD) 杜氏肌营养不良症

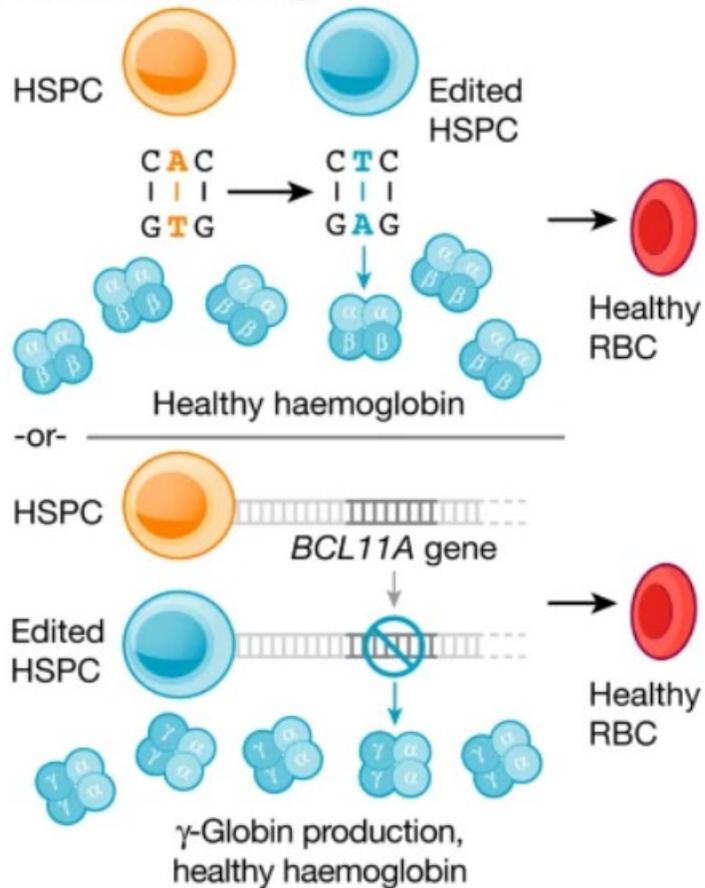
sickle cell anaemia 镰状细胞性贫血

**At least 250 million people
are affected globally**

Ex vivo editing

sickle cell anaemia 镰状细胞性贫血

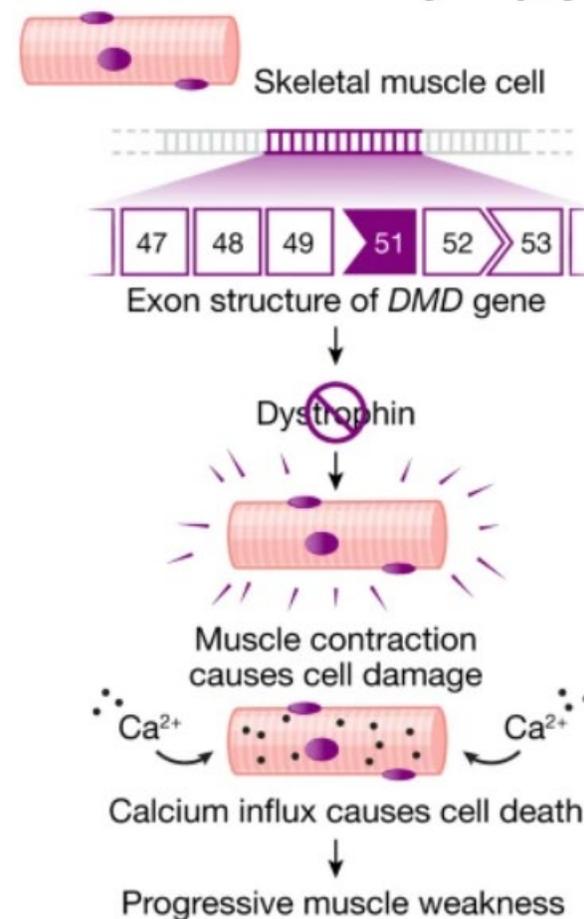
Blood cell editing



In vivo editing

Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD) 杜氏肌营养不良症

Duchenne muscular dystrophy



- 在有关TadA的这部分研究中，应用了课程学习了解到的方法，网站和软件，如 uniprot，序列比对blast，UCSC等等。
- 通过这些网站与软件，我们对于TadA蛋白的功能和结构有了比较清晰的认知，并对其发展方向和应用方向有了了解。
- 通过课上所学的知识，我们对于如何研究蛋白有了一定的研究思路，可以通过其结构与序列对其功能进行预测和改造

Thanks for listening!



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