# NZ2114及衍生肽分子设计、 理化参数分析与结构预测

Molecular design, physical /chemical parameters analysis and structural prediction of NZ2114 and derived peptides

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小组: 10组

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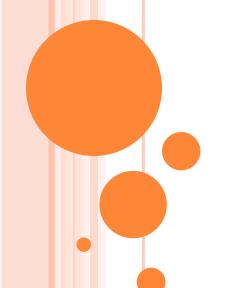
报告日期: 2018年6月23日



# 背景介绍



### 分子设计







结构预测

# 1. 背景介绍

加菌肽(AMP)是具有抗菌活性少于100个氨基酸残基的多肽,通常带正电荷(+2-+9),富含精氨酸(Arg)和赖氨酸(Lys),具有两亲性等特征。

2 AMP广泛存在于动植物及微生物中,是宿主先天防御系统主要组分,具有抗细菌,抗真菌,抗寄生虫,抗肿瘤,抗病毒等功能,是新型抗生素来源和人类攻克其它疾病的药物资源库。

3

饲料中的抗生素大量使用导致耐药性病原菌在临床和畜牧业等相关领域广泛产生,直接和间接威胁着人类健康。 抗菌肽以其独特杀菌机制、不易耐药、抗菌活性强、杀 菌速度快和来源广泛而安全等优点,成为传统抗生素理 想替代品。



一些具有良好应用价值的天然抗菌肽具有细胞毒性, 抗菌谱过广,还有一些抗菌肽杀菌活性不足,对生物 膜无作用等。因此,对天然抗菌肽进行有目的改造克 服不足在抗菌肽药物与饲用抗生素替代品开发中具有 重要意义。

# 5 Plectasin介绍

#### UniProtKB - Q53I06 (PLECT\_PSENR)





Plectasin是新世纪初Mygid等从北欧松林地表腐生子囊菌中分离到的一种具有抗菌功能的多肽,为首例真菌防御素,对金黄色葡萄球菌、肺炎链球菌和猪链球菌具有高效杀菌作用。属于无脊椎动物防御素家族。

Plectasin基因编码一个95AA的前体肽,经分泌过程加工处理,信号肽(1-23AA)及前体片段(24-55AA)被信号肽酶切除,分泌出含40AA残基的成熟肽(56-95AA)即Plectasin。



#### Plectasin杀菌机理

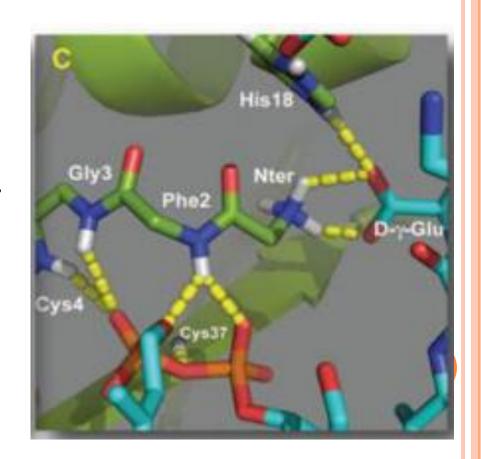
Plectasin杀菌机理是通过其N端2,3,4及37位氨基酸残基与lipidII焦磷酸盐形成氢键,而His18与lipidII的D-γ-谷氨酸形成盐桥,最终阻碍细胞壁合成。



#### NZ2114

NZ2114是Plectasin通过高通量突变筛选到的对金葡具有强烈抑菌活性的突变体。

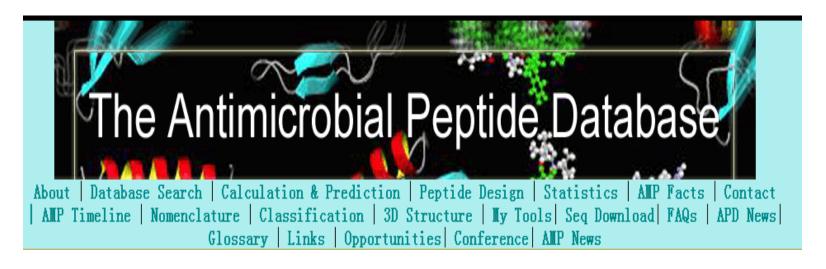
NZ2114是将Plectasin 第9, 13, 14位氨基酸Asp, Met, Gln突变为Asn, Leu, Arg。



### 2. 分子设计



#### Plectasin序列比对和结构模型



APD数据库(http://aps.unmc.edu/AP/main.php): 抗菌肽数据库目前收录了来自6个国家的2981种抗菌肽 序列及功能信息,包括抗菌肽来源、氨基酸组成、净电 荷数、多肽长度、疏水残基比例等信息。 APD ID: AP00549

Name/Class: Plectasin (fungi, fungal defensin; UCSS1a; 3S=S, fungii; BBW; Derivatives: NZ2114)

Source: Pseudoplectania nigrella

Sequence: GFGCNGPWDEDDMQCHNHCKSIKGYKGGYCAKGGFVCKCY

Length: 40

Net charge:

Hydrophobic residue%: 32%

Boman Index: 1.4 kcal/mol

3D Structure: Combine Helix and Beta structure

Method: NMR

SwissProt ID: PDB ID: 1ZFU Go to PDB

Activity: anti-Gram+, antiviral, antifungal,

Plectasin: GFGCNGPWDEDDMQCHNHCKSIKGYKGGYCAKGGFVCKCY

Tick (蜱): GYGCPFNQYQCHSHCSGIRGYKGGYCKGTFKQTCKCY

Mussel (蚌): GFGCPNNYACHQHCKSIRGYCGGYCAGWPRLRCTCY

Dragonfly (蜻蜓): GFGCPLDQMQCHRHCQTITGRSGGYCSGPLKLTCTCY

Scorpion (蝎子): GFGCPFNQGACHRHCRSIRRRGGYCAGLFKQTCTCY

Species/Abl Group Name	*		*	*										*	*		*	*		*					*	*	* *								*		*
1. Plectasin	G	F	G	С	N	G	P۷	V	) [	ΕI	0	M	Q	С	Н	N	Н	С	K	s i	K	G	Υ	K	G	G١	Y	; A	K	G	ŀ	G	F	٧	С	K	С
2. Tick	G	Υ	G	С	Р	F	-			- 1	N C	ΩΥ	Q	С	Н	S	Н	С	S	GI	R	G	Υ	K	G	G١	YC	; K	G	Т	F	K	Q	Т	С	K	С
3. Mussel	G	F	G	С	Р	-	-			- 1	۷ ۱	۱Y	Α	С	Н	Q	Н	С	K	SI	R	G	Υ	С	G	G١	YC	; A	G	W	Р	R	L	R	С	Т	С
4. Dragonfly	G	F	G	С	Р	L	-			- [	0	Q M	Q	С	Н	R	Н	С	Ø.	T	Т	G	R	S	G	G١	YC	S	G	Р	L	K	L	Т	С	Т	С
5. Scorpion	G	F	G	С	Р	F	-			- 1	40	Q G	Α	С	Н	R	Н	С	R	SI	R	-	R	R	G	G١	Y C	; A	G	L	F	K	Q	Т	С	Т	С

```
# Aligned_sequences: 2
# 1: Plectasin
# 2: Tick
# Matrix: EBLOSUM62
# Gap_penalty: 10.0
# Extend_penalty: 0.5
# Length: 42
# Identity:
                  24/42 (57.1%)
# Similarity:
                  30/42 (71.4%)
                  7/42 (16.7%)
# Gaps:
# Score: 129.5
Plectasin
                                                                        40
                    1 GFGCNGPWDEDDMQCHNHCKSIKGYKGGYCAKGGF--VCKCY
                      1: 11 - 1: : : - . 111: 11... 1: 1111111 11... 1
Tick
                    1 GYGC--PFNQ--YQCHSHCSGIRGYKGGYC-KGTFKQTCKCY
                                                                        37
```

Plectasin与几种无脊椎动物(Tick, Mussel, Dragonfly, Spider, Scorpion)防御素氨基酸序列相似性均达60%-72%。

Search by PDB ID, author, macromolecule, sequence, or ligands

Go









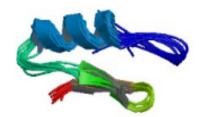


Advanced Search | Browse by Annotations

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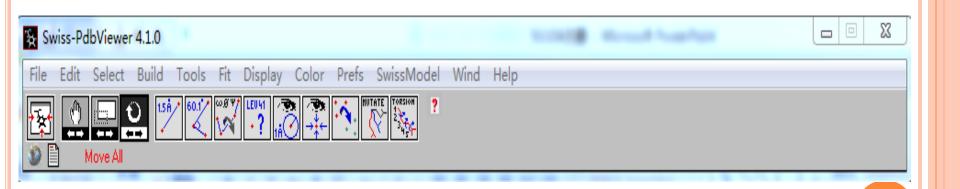


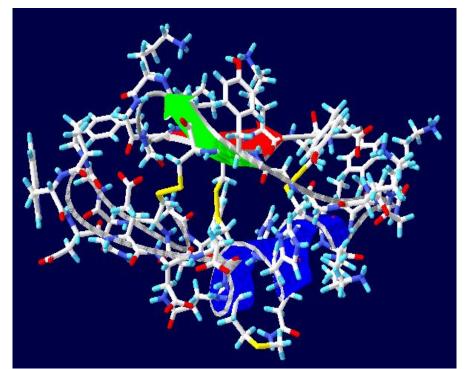


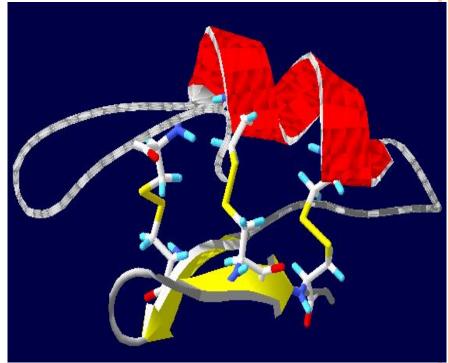


Plectasin: A peptide antibiotic with therapeutic potential from a saprophytic fungus

Mygind, P.H., Fischer, R.L., Schnorr, K.M., Hansen, M.T., Sonksen, C.P., Ludvigsen, S., Raventos, D., Buskov, S., Christensen, B., De Maria, L., Taboureau, O., Yaver, D., Elvig-Jorgensen, S.G., Sorensen, M.V., Christensen, B.E., Kjaerulf, S., Frimodt-Moller, N., Lehrer, R.I., Zasloff, M., Kristensen, H.H.







Plectasin三级结构由3对二硫键(Cys4-Cys30,Cys15-Cys37,Cys19-Cys39)、N端1个α-螺旋和C端2个反向平行的β-折叠结构以及螺旋和折叠结构间的Loop区组成的 CSαβ (半胱氨酸稳定的α螺旋/β折叠基序)结构。

#### 设计原则和改造方向

#### 设计原则:

- 1. 改变的氨基酸个数1-3个;
- 2. 保留带电氨基酸(D,R,K)和芳香族氨基酸(F,Y,W)等潜在活性位点;
- 3. 选取和同源序列有差异的aa位点进行替换;
- 4. 不改变或尽少改变CSαβ结构;
- 5. 净电荷变化+3~+8。

#### 改造方向:

- 1. 改变二硫键;
- 2. 改变保守位点;
- 3. 增加电荷,改变疏水性;
- 4. 减少电荷,改变疏水性;
- 5. 电荷不变,改变疏水性。

NZ2114:Plectasin 第9, 13, 14位氨基酸Asp, Met, Gln突变为Asn, Leu, Arg MP2244:NZ2114第9, 13, 14分别突变为Gln, Val, Lys

# 3. 理化参数分析





#### ProtParam.

#### ProtParam tool

ProtParam (References / Documentation) is a tool which allows the computation of various physical and chemical parameters for a given protein stored in Swiss-Prot or TrEMBL or for a user entered protein sequence. The computed parameters include the molecular weight, theoretical pl, amino acid composition, atomic composition, extinction coefficient, estimated halflife, instability index, aliphatic index and grand average of hydropathicity (GRAVY) (Disclaimer).

Please note that you may only fill out **one** of the following fields at a time.

Enter a Swiss-Prot/TrEMBL accession number (AC) (for example P05130) or a sequence identifier (ID) (for example KPC1\_DROME):

Or you can paste your own amino acid sequence (in one-letter code) in the box below:

GFGCNGPWDEDDMQCHNHCKSIKGYKGGYCAKGGFVCK



RESET | Compute parameters

ProtParam可以分析蛋白质的相对分子质量、氨基酸组 成、PI、电荷数、消光系数、半衰期、不稳定系数、总 亲水性指数(GRAVY)及脂肪族系数等。



#### MP2244:

#### GFGCNGPWQEDDVKCHNHCKSIKGYKGGYCAKGGFVCKCY

Number of amino acids: 40

Molecular weight: 4389.01

Theoretical pI: 8.61

Total number of negatively charged residues (Asp + Glu): 3

Total number of positively charged residues (Arg + Lys): 6

The instability index (II) is computed to be: 21.69

Aliphatic index: 26.75

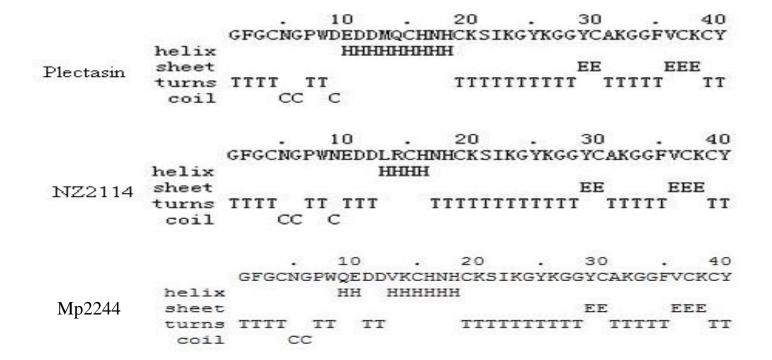
Grand average of hydropathicity (GRAVY): -0.647

Plectasin:GFGCNGPWDEDDMQCHNHCKSIKGYKGGYCAKGGFVCKCY NZ2114: GFGCNGPWNEDDLRCHNHCKSIKGYKGGYCAKGGFVCKCY MP2244: GFGCNGPWQEDDVKCHNHCKSIKGYKGGYCAKGGFVCKCY

	分子量	净电荷	等电点	不稳定 系数	脂肪族 系数	疏水 力矩	GRAVY
Plectasin	4407.99	1	7.77	13.82	19.50	0.82	-0.695
NZ2114	4417.03	3	8.62	25.49	29.25	0.48	-0.672
MP2244	4389.01	3	8.61	21.69	26.75	0.56	-0.647

通过helixturnhelix软件(<u>http://emboss.bioinformatics.nl/</u>),对Plectasin,NZ2114,MP2244的二级结构进行分析。

E۱	MBOSS explorer
	nelixturnhelix dentify nucleic acid-binding motifs in protein sequences ( <u>read the manual</u> )
Ξ	
0	only required fields are visible. ( <u>show optional fields</u> )
	-Input section-
	Select an input sequence. Use one of the following three fields:  1. To access a sequence from a database, enter the USA here:  2. To upload a sequence from your local computer, select it here: 选择文件 未选择任何文件
	3. To enter the sequence data manually, type here:



结果显示,Plectasin突变为NZ2114后,α-螺旋(H)度由37.5%降到16.7%,而其它结果没有发生太多变化。MP2244的α-螺旋度相对于NZ2114提高至33.3%,C端转角(T)结构和无规卷曲(C)结构降低,有利于形成8折叠刚性结构。



#### 通过protscale软件(http://web.expasy.org/protscale/)预测两亲性。



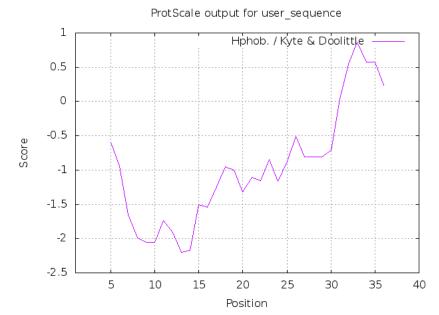
#### **ProtScale**

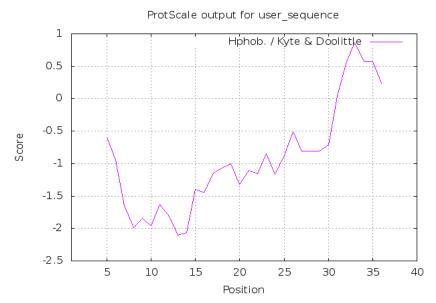
ProtScale [Reference / Documentation] allows you to compute and represent the profile produced by any amino acid scale on a selected protein.

An **amino acid scale** is defined by a numerical value assigned to each type of amino acid. The most frequently used scales are the hydrophobicity or hydrophilicity scales and the secondary structure conformational parameters scales, but many other scales exist which are based on different chemical and physical properties of the amino acids. This program provides 57 predefined scales entered from the literature.

Enter a UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot or UniProtKB/TrEMBL accession number (AC) (e.g. P05130) or a sequence identifier (ID) (e.g. KPC1\_DROME):

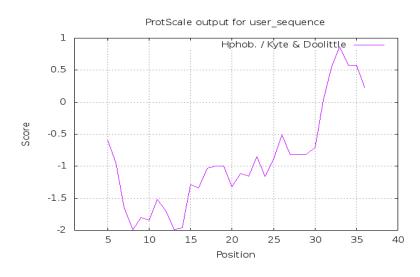
Or you can paste your own sequence in the box below:
GFGCNGPWDEDDMQCHNHCKSIKGYKGGYCAKGGFVCKCY
//





Plectasin

NZ2114



# 4. 结构预测



用SWISS-MODEL进行蛋白质三维结构预测:

SWISS-MODEL是一个有注解的基于同源建模的蛋白质结构服务器,它与专家蛋白质分析系统(Expert Protein Analysis System,ExPASy)网站是紧密相联系的,其中有的也是来自于DeepView(Swiss Pdb-Viewer)程序的,目前有30000个蛋白质三维结构模型。

#### 通过<u>protscale</u>软件(<u>http://web.expasy.org/protscale/</u>)预测两亲性。



**ProtScale** [Reference / Documentation] allows you to compute and represent the profile produced by any amino acid scale on a selected protein.

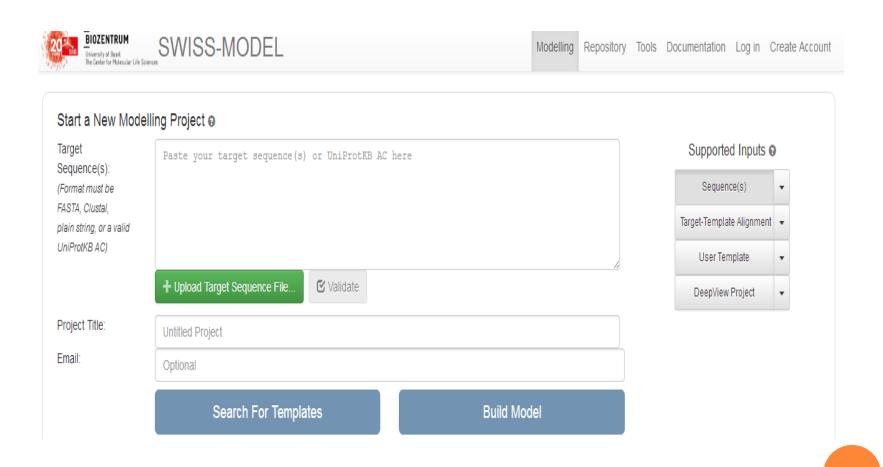
An **amino acid scale** is defined by a numerical value assigned to each type of amino acid. The most frequently used scales are the hydrophobicity or hydrophilicity scales and the secondary structure conformational parameters scales, but many other scales exist which are based on different chemical and physical properties of the amino acids. This program provides 57 predefined scales entered from the literature.

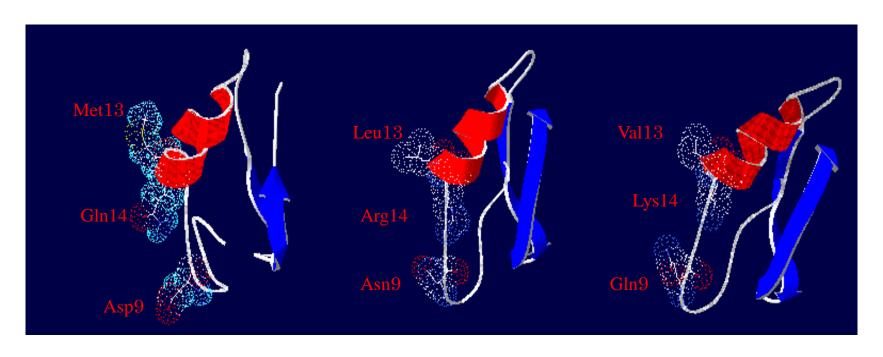
Enter a UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot or UniProtKB/TrEMBL accession number (AC) (e.g. **P05130**) or a sequence identifier (ID) (e.g. **KPC1\_DROME**):

Or you can paste your own sequence in the box below:

GFGCNGPWDEDDMQCHNHCKSIKGYKGGYCAKGGFVCKCY

#### SWISS-MODEL操作界面图





Plectasi NZ2114 MP2244

n

相同点: 三者均由 $\alpha$ -螺旋, LooP环,  $\beta$ -折叠组成的 $CS\alpha\beta$  结构。

#### 不同点:

- 1. NZ12114和MP2244相对于Plectasin, 其8折叠结构变长。
- 2. MP2244相对于Plectasin和NZ2114, α-螺旋与N端无规卷曲发生位移。

# 致谢:

- 1. 首先感谢罗老师为我们讲授生物信息学这门课程,对我们今后的课题研究非常有帮助,感谢罗老师为我们提供这次学习交流的机会。
- 2. 然后感谢师兄师姐给予我的指导和帮助。
- 3. 最后感谢小组成员的积极配合,团结协作,希望今后继续交流。

# 

# Thank you!